

THE BIG INSTITUTE AND FAIR BREAKS ALL THE RECORDS

A Large Crowd Was In Attendance All Day Long.

LOWELL STORE JAMMED WITH PEOPLE.

Institute and Cooking School Also Draw Large Audiences at the Court House and Concordia Hall—Mrs. Adams' Lecture at the Court Street Church Last Evening—The Prizes Awarded—Institute Ended This Afternoon—Fair Closes Tomorrow.

LL day long the Midwinter Fair was crowded. The crowd came early and came to stay. This was the big day and there was fun inside and out. Inside the judges were at work in every department.

There were flurries of excitement about the polling places, where the proudest farmer, the hungriest man and the most popular farmer were being chosen.

There was laughter and confusion as the tallest girl, the girl with the longest hair and the most beautiful girl were sought.

There was music during the afternoon by the Imperial band. The first days music was furnished by Professor John Smith with nine pieces.

George McKay won the capon offered by Miles Rice for the hungriest man in Janesville. The vote stood:

George McKay..... 670
John Hozan..... 412
John F. Jweeney..... 348
E. M. Hyzer..... 296
D. D. Mayne..... 212
W. S. Jeffris..... 184

The most popular farmer was declared to be George Barker, and he took Bill Baxter's copy of Shakespeare. The vote for the leading candidates stood:

George Barker..... 230
F. H. Bemis..... 218
Walter Little..... 212
S. C. Carr..... 194
S. H. Joiner..... 184

It was all one way in the competition for the proudest farmer. J. E. Gleason won the peacock offered by Frank Pierson, receiving 536 votes out of 549.

Outside the store there were special competitions, such as the race for a bag of bran. That bag looked bigger than a Clydesdale yearling, and the men who could shoulder it and run 200 feet were not numerous.

The draft horses and roadsters were shown at 1 o'clock. Tomorrow at 1 o'clock the carriage teams and single carriage horses will be shown.

A moderate estimate was that 5,000 people attended the fair today. If there were not 4,000 people watching the show of horses, River street told the wrong story. The street was jammed from Milwaukee street to the Janesville Machine company plant. On Milwaukee street the crowd was just as dense. There were nearly a hundred farm teams in line, and the judges—John Gilkey, O. F. Nowlan and John Chadwick—had plenty of work. They decided as follows:

Best General Purpose Farm Team—P. T. Burtness 1st, one new hammock seat cultivator, \$10. F. A. Taylor; James A. Card 2d, \$10 worth lumber, Fidelity Bros. & Co.; A. H. Barnes 3d, wholebone whip, W. H. Hall; J. H. Stokes 4th, one halter, heavy ring, M. A. Ott.

Best Single Roadster or Gentleman's Driver—J. M. Huginin 1st, \$5 cash, Dr. E. D. Roberts; J. M. Wright 2d, wholebone whip, E. H. Murdoch; Robt. Lowery 3d, one hundred Golfers cigars, F. S. Baines; C. I. Sloan 4th, Manning's illustrated horse book, J. Sutherland & Sons.

Eastern Men Here.

Representatives of five of the eastern firms that had offered handsome premiums were present and could not contain their satisfaction at the way things were going. The big entry lists surprised them. There were bigger lists in several classes than the state fair ever brought out and well there might be with the four richest counties in the state to draw from.

Other states joined Wisconsin in the chorus of commendation. The farm institute corps were enthusiastic. The Illinois delegation that came up Tuesday to get an object lesson came back again on this morning's train with twenty five more in the party. They said the Rock county idea would be tried in Rockford as soon as arrangements could be made.

The movement to have the 1898 round-up held in Janesville was pushed vigorously all day. A line of men waited their turn all morning to sign the petition on Secretary Clemons' desk.

It needed only a glance along the shelves and show cases to see how much interest the fair had aroused. There were 58 tubs of dairy butter, and 29 rolls of dairy butter, filling eight deep shelves.

Cottage cheese was shown in all styles and sizes. There were 32 samples of milk cheese and 23 samples of cream cheese.

Fifty-four fancy quilts were on file.

Twelve displays of apples surprised many people who didn't suppose Rock county could do as well in a fruit way.

Just to prove that bread-making is not a lost art there were 79 loaves of white bread shown.

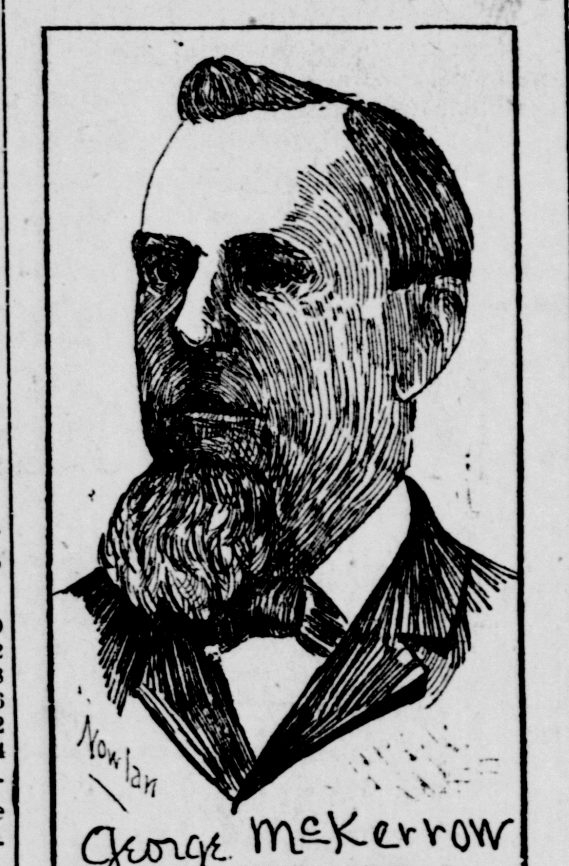
Biscuits! Well, 146 women had samples of raised biscuits; 123 brought baking powder biscuits and 46 pinned their hopes to soda biscuits.

The doughnut case held 103 entries. Small boys looked enviously at 127 plates of sugar cookies and 73 kinds of ginger snaps.

Cake—there was cake enough for all the county. There were 63 fruit cakes, 56 sponge cakes, 51 fruit cakes and 49 varieties devil's of food. Altogether there were 312 cakes.

The pie counter was a dyspeptic's dream. There were 26 pumpkin pies, 43 custard pies, 42 apple pies and 62 mince pies—and all deep in the chest. A Basement Full of Corn.

Over one hundred bushels of corn were entered in competition for the Janesville Machine company's riding



George McKay

plow, and 39 farmers each thought they had the four largest ears.

On the grain tables down cellar were 79 bushels of oats, 43 bushels of pop corn, 11 bags of winter wheat, 3 bags of spring wheat, 6 of buckwheat, 12 of rye, 33 of barley, 26 of timothy and 16 of clover.

He must have been critical who could object to the 63 baskets of potatoes, for they included some of the handsomest tubers ever taken out of the ground.

The miscellaneous educational exhibits footed up 25 in number.

There were 480 eggs entered for the big egg prize.

Mrs. Carr's Butter Ranked High.

Mrs. J. G. Carr has a right to feel proud of her butter. Judged by the state dairy school experts it scored 97. Mrs. B. Richards and Mrs. G. W. Ashby tied for second prize, with 94 points apiece. Allowing 40 points for flavor 30 for grain, 10 for color, 10 for salt and 10 for package, the exhibitors of dairy butter who ranked better than 90 were:

Mrs. J. G. Carr..... 97 1/2
Mrs. G. W. Ashby..... 94
Mrs. B. Richards..... 94
G. H. Butts..... 91
Mrs. F. Ashby..... 92
Mrs. Robert Clark..... 92 1/2
Mrs. O. L. West..... 91
J. H. Bolte..... 90
J. M. Decker..... 89 1/2
L. W. Sherman..... 90
L. J. Noye..... 90 1/2
Mrs. G. F. Wallihan..... 92
C. M. Horton O. Fassett..... 92
C. S. Hinkley..... 92
E. A. Robinson..... 90
Mrs. S. G. Go Frey..... 91 1/2
Mrs. T. Clark..... 90
G. C. Austin..... 90

O. M. Hubbard won the first prize for creamery butter by a score of 93, the Center creamery ranking next, with 87.

FAIR INSTITUTE FULL OF VALUE

Dairy Management and Sheep and Horse Raising Discussed.

When Superintendent George McKay conducts a farm institute, there are no dull moments. Every point in every paper suggests some other good point to him, and the institute is kept lively by his comment.

Today he had two topics of his own, "Profits in Sheep," and "Economic Feeding," while E. R. Iman spoke on "Our Common Birds and Their Benefit to the Farmer," and E. J. Seefeld discussed "Small Fruits."

Much that was of value in the first day's session was necessarily omitted from the Gazette report. Cleanliness in the stable and all surroundings was the burden of J. W. Decker's talk on dairying. C. F. Goodrich, "the cow man from Jefferson county," told what he wanted to make the profitable cow. He told of the herd he had in 1875—cows that all the neighbors said "were fine critters." They averaged 150 pounds of butter a year, and were handsome, solid-looking animals. In 1876, when he began to try for systematic improvement of the stock, all his neighbors and all the stock buyers told him he was ruining his herd. In spite of all these warnings he went on cutting down beef production and increasing butter production until last year his herd averaged 366 pounds of butter per cow. He kept no one breed exclusively, but most of his herd were grade Jerseys. In discussing feed

Mr. Goodrich recommended the use of gluten feed, as cheaper and quite as satisfactory as gluten meal, and very much relished in summer.

Money In Raising Draft Horses.

Professor Craig's talk on the evolution of the horse proved of lively interest. The distinct difference between the roadster, the coach horse and the draft horse as machines were sketched, and the prophecy was ventured that raising heavy draft horses would be a more profitable branch of farming during the next five years.

"There are none to be had," said Professor Craig, "and there are no colts in sight. When the men who team for Armour and Fairbanks and those other city men want heavy horses they will want them badly and pay the price. Draft horses are not the only ones that will be in demand. There is never a time when first class coachers, weighing 1,500 pounds, will not sell to advantage."

Prof. Craig admitted that a great drawback in the raising of coach horses was the uncertainty. Nobody had yet been able to insure any large average of coach horses out of a specified number of colts. Prof. Craig said a draft horse could be raised for three or four cents a pound—a trifle over \$45 per horse. This would be the cost at three years of age. Clinton Babbitt thought \$50 a year would be nearer than \$15 a year to the cost of raising a horse, and Robert Barless endorsed the opinion. Prof. Craig thought \$50 was much too high.

HEARD MRS. C. K. ADAMS' LECTURE.

The Wife of the University President Spoke Last Evening.

Mrs. Charles Kendall Adams lectured at the farmers institute at the Court Street M. E. church last evening and made a plea for better cooking and better cooks.

Expert mechanics were insisted upon when any mechanical work was to be done, she said, yet people placed inexperienced girls in charge of the kitchens.

To this fact, she insisted, much sickness, misery and wasteful extravagance was due.

The evening session of the institute opened at 7:45 o'clock. The program opened with music by the orchestra of the State School for the Blind and Chairman Fethers introduced Mrs. Adams. In his introductory remarks he spoke of the university of Wisconsin and its work and paid a compliment to the school and its managers.

Mrs. Adams spoke briefly but pointedly, and the large audience listened closely. She said that her subject was one of the most important in life, as upon the food depended the health, the prosperity and even the morals of the people. Her address was divided under three heads—condition, cause and remedy. Good cooking, she argued, resulted in the preparation of a palatable meal from the least possible amount of material.

Americans Far Behind.

Americans were far behind the world in this respect. Enough was wasted in the kitchens of the United States to feed another people. Jails, prisons and reformatories cost \$400,000,000 a year. Drunkenness was the natural result of poor food. If children who are cross and irritable were given the best of food for a year or so, there would be a change for the better, and temper would not be exhibited so often. Lack of education on the part of the cooks was responsible for the present condition of affairs, and they were ignorant because they had no place to learn. Cooking should be taught in the public schools, and the benefits received from that education would be beyond calculation.

Professor W. A. Henry, dean of the agricultural college, was introduced by Mr. Fethers, who paid him a graceful compliment. Professor Henry spoke of the best sugar industry, and the superior advantages of the state for the cultivation of the crop.

The program was as follows:

Music..... "The Return of the Flowers"
Remarks..... Chairman Ogden H. Fethers
Ladies Quartette..... Ladies Quartette
Mesdames St. John, Sweeney, Clark, and Miss Francis Edwards.
Address..... Mrs. Charles Kendall Adams
Organ Solo..... Mrs. John Sweeney
Address..... Prof. W. A. Henry
Music..... Orchestra

THE PRIZES AWARDED SO FAR.

Names of Those Whose Entries Got a Blue Ribbon.

The prize winners as far as has been decided, are as follows:

Department No. 2 Vegetables.

Best Peck Potatoes Any Variety—Henry Tarrant 1st one Dowden potato sorter and one Dowden potato cutter, Dowden Manufacturing Co., Prairie City, Iowa. Mr. Tarrant has the privilege of purchasing one Dowden potato harvester, value \$100 for \$50; James Stockman 2nd \$10 in lumber, Schaller & McKay; E. N. Fredendall, 3rd four bags table salt, Fall & Bates; 4th Western Agricultural and Live Stock Journal, T. Butterworth.

Largest Display of Potatoes All Varieties—Henry Tarrant 1st, one set fruit knives, A. Kolle; George Kellogg & Sons 2nd, grill work, Green & Dailley; C. Williams 3rd ten meal ticks, L. C. Brewer, Park hotel; G. S. Smith 4th, ten pound sausage, Kronitz Bros.

Peck of Table Turnips—Peter D. Taylor, Broadhead, 1st, one cultivator and hilling attachment, Wilcox & Son; W. H. Hyland 2nd, \$1 shaving

ticket; Whittaker & Harvey; W. C. Reichhoff 3d.

Best Three Head Cabbage—J. L. Robinson 1st, fifty pounds white head, Stearns & Baker; J. S. Dennett 2nd, fifty pounds "Buckwheat Ben," Crockett & Bonesteel.

Best Bushel Oats—J. Wright Tiffany, 1st one set hayslings, Janesville Hay Tool Co.; M. Dunphy 2nd, three boxes soap, J. T. Wright; D. N. Walworth 3d, one bottle Sloan Stomach Remedy, Black Hawk Co.

One Bushel Corn, Any Variety—1st, E. H. Bemis Footville, Reliance sulky plow \$60, Janesville Machine Co.; George VanAntwerp 2nd, one Triumph and one Rotary planter, A. C. Kent; Frank Dudley 3d one roast beef, R. B. Harper; Edward O. Fleck Broadhead, 4th, Orange Judd Farmer, Orange Judd Co.

Best Half Bushel Popcorn—W. H. Cary 1st \$5 in trade, T. J. Ziegler; Wm. Churchill 2nd, one ton best threshers' coal, Spoon & Co.; F. C. Wells 3d, one box cigars, L. Morse.

Four Largest Ears of Corn—A. C. Gault 1st, five gallon House and Villa mixed paint, Stearns & Baker; Amos Barriere 2nd, four hair cuts, C. H. Hamilton; H. C. Yale 3d, Western Agriculturalist and Live Stock Journal one year, T. Butterworth.

Peck White Onions—W. M. Tarrant 1st, pair gloves, R. M. Bostwick; Fred Gault 2nd, paint brush, W. Coleman.

Peck Yellow Onions—Valentine Bros. 1st, \$5 garden seeds, Currie Bros., Milwaukee; C. Wilcox 2d, one box cigars, M. H. Haviland.

Best Hubbard Squash—W. B. Hodge 1st, one case twenty-six packages Avenola breakfast food, Battle Creek, Mich., Conrad & Co.; Jerome Waterman 2nd, pair lined dog skin gloves, H. V. Allen.

Best Half Bushel Navy Beans—Fred B. Adams, Milton Junction, 1st fifty feet three fourths inch rose, Green & Allen; J. Dostader, Shopiere, 2d, one ticket, shaving, Jas. F. Sweeney.

Best Half Bushel Medium Beans—Wm. C. Reichhoff 1st, Clizbe sickle grinder \$6, C. H. Belding; J. F. Hutchins 2nd, Pair Pant Overalls and Coat to match, Janesville Clothing Co.; I. M. Wauke 3d, \$2 in meals, Lynch Bros., Opera House Cafe.

Department No. 3—Culinary.

Baking powder biscuits, 1 pan—1st Mrs. Charles Baines, combination desk and book case, \$12, C. S. & E. W. Putnam; Mrs. Ida J. Moore, 2nd, two Australian wool ladies vests \$7, Lewis Knitting Co.; Mrs. W. B. Downing, 3rd, 5 meal ticket, Con McDonald.

Loaf Vienna Bread Made From "Vienna" Flour—Mrs. Schwartz 1st, sack Vienna Flour J. M. Shackleton.

Loaf Bread Made From "Pearl White" Flour—Mrs. George H. B. Davis 1st, 100 pounds Pearl White flour, J. M. Shackleton.

Pan soda biscuits—Mrs. J. G. Carr 1st, 100 pounds granulated sugar, W. T. Van Kirk; Mrs. Rush Bullis 2nd, nickel plated tea kettle, A. H. Sheldon & Co.; Mrs. D. Barless 3rd, Orange Judd Farmer one year, Orange Judd Co.

Loaf Bread Made From "Big Jo" Flour—Mrs. William Luck 1st, one barrel "Big Jo," Skelly & Wilbur; Mrs. W. T. Sherman 2d, two sacks "Big Jo," Skelly & Wilbur.

Loaf Hot Yeast Bread—Mrs. D. Barless 1st \$5 P. N. satin corset, Arcene Reid & Co.; Mrs. W. T. Sherman 2d, toilet case Geo. E. King & Co.; Mrs. O. J. Wells 3d, ten gallon milk can, Lowell Hardware Co.; Bessie Scott 4th, sack flour, W. H. Burchell.

Pan raised biscuits—Mrs. William Luck 1st, Queen Favorite cook stove, Favorite Store and Range Co.; A. H. Sheldon & Co., agents; Anna Belle Little 2d one case 2 dozen Curcio Bros. fancy assorted fruit jars in glass, Tarrant & Osgood; Mrs. T. E. Palmer, 3d, Orange Judd Farmer one year, Orange Judd Co.

Brown Bread—F. L. Dean 1st, silver tea pot, Hall, Sayles & Fidelity; May Plankinton 2nd, one half dozen cabinet pictures, R. H. Barlow; Miss Bertha Clark 3rd, two best seats in house, Wm. H. Stoddard, Manager Myers Grand.

Loaf Graham Bread—Mrs. B. Benedict 1st, "Glove Fitting" satin corset, Bort, Bailey & Co.; Mrs. W. T. Sherman 2nd, 1 sack Pure Gold flour, Nolan Bros.; Mrs. S. V. Coates 3rd, 1 year Western Agriculturalist and Live Stock Journal, T. Butterworth.

Loaf corn bread—Mrs. W. T. Sherman 1st, \$4 picture, John H. Myers; Mrs. Harriet Mitchell 2nd, \$2 laundry ticket, Janesville Steam Laundry; Mrs. Alex. Babcock 3rd, 1 year Western Agriculturalist and Live Stock Journal, T. Butterworth.

Best Loaf Wheat Bread made by Girl Under 14 Years—Eva Robinson 1st, beautiful banquet lamp, \$3 50 Harvey & Blockhouse; Maud Dennett 2nd, 10 pounds mixed candy, Beaumont DeForest; Miss Fetherstone 3rd, doll, A. Rider.

Loaf Salt Raising Bread—Mrs. L. E. McDonald, 1st, solid fruit cake, Colvin Baking Co.; Clara L. Beckwith, 2nd, \$3 laundry ticket, C. A. Stanton; Mrs. J. C. Kirkpatrick 3rd, 1 year Western Agriculturalist and Live Stock Journal, T. Butterworth.

Best Gallon Sauer Kraut—Mrs. B. W. Snyder 1st, Janesville Journal 1 year, H. W. Frick; J. L. Robinson 2nd, 10 pound loafrye bread, August Gehrk.

Four Largest Potatoes—A. A. Ten Eyck, Decatur Green county 1st Keystone Diston saw, Henry Diston & Sons, Philadelphia; James Fullerton 2nd 1 Diston saw; Wm Farnum 3rd Hard's Dairyman, one year, W. D. Hoard Co.

Largest One Dozen Hens' Eggs—E.

N. Fredendall 1st, pitcher pump, McVicar Bros., Mr. McGregor 2nd, plu h cap, J. L. Ford.

Best Original Poem on the Midwinter Fair—Mrs. Carrie Childs 1st Lady's trimmed hat, Miss Feeley; U. G. Waite 2nd; Mrs. Fred Vankirk, Center, 3rd.

Four Largest Ears Corn—A. C. Gault 1st, five gallons paint, Stearns & Baker; Amos Barriere 2d, four hair cuts, C. H. Hamilton; H. C. Gale 3d, Western Agriculturalist and Live Stock Journal.

Pop Corn—W. H. Croy 1st, five dollars in trade T. J. Ziegler; William Churchill 2d, one ton threshing coal, Spoon & Co.; F. C. Wells 3d, one box cigars, L. Morse.

Four Hands '96 Tobacco—Leo Rooney 1st, cash \$5; Fethers, Jeffris, Field & Mount; Norman Parks, 2d, five pounds Ceylon Baking Powder, Ceylon Tea Store; R. J. Stark 3d, pair fur mittens, J. Weisend.

Three Hands 1896 Tobacco—Norman Park 1st, Wisconsin Tobacco Leaf one year.

Three Hands Sweated Tobacco—V. Bier 1st, Wisconsin Tobacco Leaf, one year.

Largest Display Tobacco—James Louden 1st, box cigars, L. B. Carle.

Fine Wool Fleece—A. A. Hubbel 1st, case of bats, Rock River Cotton company; William Anderson 2d, one dollar trade, Tiff & Phillips.

Best Coarse Wool Fleece—W. B. Little, 1st \$3 in trade, C. F. Brockhaus; James Little 2d, 10 pounds sausage, Yann Bros.

Timothy—Ira D. Crosby 1st, Daily Republican one year; J. Dockstadter 2nd, 50 cigars, John Soulmaz.

Clover—A. E. Wilcox 1st, Janesville Daily Gazette; U. E. Gleason 2nd, pair shoes, Trulson & Peterson.

Largest Display Grain—F. A. Whitehead, Whitewater, 1st, Century Magazine one year, Century Pub. Co.

Egg—Robert Schlueter 1st, Janesville Daily Gazette one year; Robert Clark 2nd, case bottled beer, L. F. Knipp; F. A. Whitehead, Whitewater, 3d, bottle hair tonic, C. W. Wisch.

Barley—E. A. Wilcox 1st, ten dollars in trade, Janesville Lumber Co.; D. Little 2nd, one case Hoffman's Malt Extract, H. A. Watson.

Buckwheat—P. D. Taylor 1st, ton coal, Janesville Coal Co.; F. Whitehead, Whitewater, 2nd, Western Agriculturalist and Live Stock Journal.

Heaviest Oats—F. Whitehead 1st, one blooded Plymouth rooster, Harry Maxfield; Robert Schlueter 2nd, sack Blatchford's calf meal, Dave Brown; Wm. J. Clark 3d, one gallon paint, Kent Paint Co.

Winter Wheat—Wm. Kennedy 1st, \$6 pair shoes, Bennett & Oram; Frank Bier, 2nd Western Agriculturalist and Live Stock Journal.

Spring Wheat—1. Inman 1st \$3 yards Standard Melton, Rock River Woolen Mills; Robert Clark 2nd one pair shoes tapped, John Falter.

Best roll of Dairy Butter—Mrs. B. Richar 1st 1 year Daily Recorder; Mrs. J. G. Carr 2nd, 5 gallon pump oil can, I. C. Brownell; C. Austin 3rd, Azalia plant, Miss Hodson & Long; Charles Kilmer 4th, box candy, Al. Smith; Mrs. E. W. Kemp 5th Hard's Dairyman; W. O. Douglas 6th, one butter tester, Cornish Curtis & Green.

Bes: Tub or Jar Dairy Butter—Mrs. J. G. Carr 1st, 20 rods woven wire fence, Janesville Barb Wire Co.; L. W. Sherman 2nd, fancy clock, F. C. Cook & Co.; Mrs. V. Richards 3rd, garden seeds, Walter Heim; Mrs. J. M. Ashby 4th, roast of beef, S. Henderson; Mrs. J. W. Decker 5th Western Agriculturalist and Live Stock Journal, one year; Miss Mattie Clark 6th, Hard's Dairyman one year.

Best Creamery Butter—O. W. Hubbard 1st, one pair men's shoes, Copeland & Rider. "The Jefferson Shoe," Center Creamery Co. 2nd 5 gallons renowned Engine Oil, W. B. Stoddard.

Hand Made Unlaundered Skirt—Mrs. A. E. Waite, Afton 1st, One Singer Sewing Machine, Singer Sewing Machine manufacturing Co.; Miss V. P. Waite, Afton, 2nd R. & G. satin corset, Bort, Bailey & Co.; J. H. Stafford 3d, half Dozen Photographs, G. W. Wise.

Handsome Patch Work Quilt—Mrs. Edgar Dykeman 1st, \$6 rug, J. M. Bostwick & Sons; Mrs. Albertus Clarke Milton, 2nd, \$3 rocking chair, W. H. Ashcraft.

Best Embroidered Center Piece—Miss Cora May O'Brien 1st, \$5 "W. C. O. rset, J. M. Bostwick & Sons; Mrs. J. A. Grauman 2d, 5-pound box candy, John Spivak.

Best Baby's Dress—Charles Kilmer 1st, five pound bottle Horlick's malted milk, Horlick Malted Milk Co.

Best Biscuit made from Parke Davis & Co. Baking Powder—Mrs. W. T. Sherman 1st, six pounds Parke Davis & Co's Baking Powder; Mrs. L. B. Helmes 2nd, roast of beef, William Kammer; Mrs. F. C. Hubbell 3d, View's Monthly magazine one year, James Vick's Sons.

Mince Pie—Mrs. H. R. Osborne, Lima Center 1st, five sacks Jennison's "Very Best" flour, W. F. Carle; Miss Kate Hart 2d, album, R. W. King; Mrs. P. H. Torphy Center 3d, one year sub-cription Weekly Republican, E. M. Hardy.

Custard Pie—Mrs. Joseph Fisher 1st, large two gallon globe and two good fish, E. B. Heimstreet; Mrs. James Little 2nd, \$1 cash, Joshua Crall.

Pumokin Pie—Mrs. U. B. Downing 1st, \$5 trimmed hat, Mrs. M. E. Woodstock; Mrs. O. J. Wells 2nd, two pounds Japan tea, R. J. Dunn.

Apple Pie—Mrs. M. B. Downing 1st, Janesville Daily Recorder, one

(Continued on page 5.)

NO CHARGES MADE ON MEDICAL BILL

THE EXPECTED SENSATION DID NOT OCCUR.

Mr. McGrath, of Brown County and Mr. Merriman, of Beloit, Have a Discussion—Assembly Refuses to Pass the Board of Pardons Amendment to the Constitution.

Madison, Wis., March 3.—[Special]—The expected sensation over the medical bill did not materialize this morning. As soon as the clerk finished reading a long list of petitions, Mr. McGrath of Brown county, moved that the committee on public health and sanitation be instructed to return the bill to the assembly, as the committee could not agree on the bill.

Mr. Merriman of Beloit, vigorously objected to this, and said that two



C. W. Merriman

members of the committee were absent. He said the amendments to the bill were not read in the committee.

Mr. McGrath said this was untrue and that Mr. Merriman knew it. On a standing vote the motion was defeated.

The amendment to the constitution creating a board of pardons was defeated by a vote of 47 to 45, it requiring a majority of all the members elected to pass an amendment to the constitution.

What They Get.

The honest old fellow who cleans out a bank, with a broom, for a dollar a day.

JURY ON A SPECIAL TO TAKE TESTIMONY

HOWE MURDER CASE PROGRAM BROKEN INTO.

Doubtful Now of the Case Goes to the Jury Tomorrow—Experts Summoned by Telegraph—Campbell's Chicago Friends Defend Him Against Darlington Charge.

Elkhorn, March 3.—In all probability the Howe murder case will not go to the jury until tomorrow.

Mrs. Heyer of Darien, one of the state's witnesses, was unable to attend the court yesterday morning, and accordingly the court and jury went to Darien by special train to hear her evidence. The town is about ten miles southwest of here. The testimony of the witness was corroborative of that previously given, but was given on an important point. The party came back on the 1:07 train, and the court convened again at 2 o'clock.

The state finished its rebuttal testimony early in the afternoon, and the defense introduced theirs, also finishing in the afternoon. The surprise of the afternoon was the recalling of Henry L. Tolman to the stand. He had been telegraphed for by Judge Fish, and answered several questions in regard to the anonymous note. He was extensively cross-examined by the defense. The attorney for the defense immediately telegraphed to Chicago for Warner E. Drake, their handwriting expert. The case will go to the lawyers to be argued some time today and will be given to the jury in all probability on Thursday morning.

When the defense placed the prisoner on the stand he stated that he was 19 years of age and gave about the same version of the case as he did at the preliminary hearing. The note which had been found on the remains of Charles Howe, the murdered young man, was presented to Leroy and he was asked if he had written the words thereon. He said: "I did not."

When asked if he had shot his brother Charles. He replied: "I did not."

When asked if he knew who did shoot him, he said: "I do not." He was further questioned about the pistol which was found near the body, but nothing new was brought out. He told about meeting a strange man near Darien and gave a very detailed description of the fellow.

THEIR SAY CAMPBELL IS INNOCENT.

Chicago Relatives Deny That He Killed Edward Hale.

Chicago relatives of John Campbell assert that he is innocent of the charge made. Frank McGuigan, a nephew of Campbell, said yesterday that the sensational arrest of his uncle was entirely unwarranted. The crime with which Campbell is charged is the murder of Edward Hale, of Gratiot, Wis.

Hale was killed at a dance last December. Campbell was acting as floor manager during the temporary absence of Daniel Collins, the owner of the hall. A fight took place and in trying to stop it Campbell was floored with a stone thrown by Hale. Collins saw the act and struck Hale with his cane. Campbell, on rising, also struck at Hale. Later Hale became unconscious and died the next night. Collins and Campbell were arrested, but the case against them was dismissed when it came up before Justice Cleary of Darlington.

Later a postmortem examination was asked for. The body was exhumed and the skull found fractured. Still no action was taken and Campbell stayed there two weeks and then came to Chicago for a visit. His destination was known, and friends say there was no necessity for such a mode of procedure as was adopted by Sheriff Bennett. He offered no objection to his arrest, waived all claim to requisition papers and was admitted to bail upon his arrival in Darlington.

This Week at Sanborn's. You will find it pays to keep track of what Sanborn says regarding groceries and prices:

Fancy new salt pork 5 per lb, \$8 per bbl, new packing clear and nice, cheaper than you can kill and salt your own meat.

Armour's fancy picnic hams 6 cents per lb.

Fancy evaporated ring apoles 5 cents per pound, usual price 8 cents per pound.

Fancy honey drip syrup 20 cents, 3 gallons 50 cents.

5 gallon oil can with faucet filled with best oil 95 cents.

12 pounds oatmeal 25 cents.

Washburn & Crosby Minneapolis Gold Medal flour \$1.20, per sack ten sack lots \$1.05.

Hard To Beat Janesville, Minnesota, flour \$1.00 sack, 10 sack sack lots 95 cents.

Best A. B. C. crackers, none better made, 5 cents pound, by the box 4 cents.

7 bars Old Country soap 25 cents.

7 bars Lux soap 25 cents.

7 bars Fairbank's Brown soap 25 cents.

7 bars Bluff City soap 25 cents.

7 bars Cyclone soap 25 cents.

7 bars Babitt's best soap 25 cents.

7 packages all washing powders 25 cents.

Gold dust 4 pound packages 20 cents.

Never forget that Sanborn does not juggle with quality in order to sell at low prices; everything dependable in what he says or does. Sanborn & Co.

THE ART LEAGUE EXHIBITION.

The Annual Show Will Occur on Friday March 12.

Members of the Janesville Art League are busy preparing for the second annual exhibition of their work (it will be held on the afternoon and evening of Friday March 12. Mrs. J. P. Pember vice president of the league, has very generously volunteered the use of her home for the occasion. The event will be awaited with interest by the many friends of the league, who will recall their first exhibition of little more than a year ago.

Odd Fellows at Milton.

Thirty-six members of the Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah went to Milton last evening and were guests of the Milton lodge. The party included:

Mr. and Mrs.— Fred Smith, C. J. Biskamp, T. H. Bidwell, A. H. Taylor, M. D. Taylor, G. A. Warren, Leslie Holmes, J. P. Wright, Walter Rices, C. W. Schwartz, Mesdames— Tucker, Hillab and, Miller, Angel, M-rill, Kingston, Trumble, Hankey, Knapp.

Misses— Beatrice Preller, Ella Shank, Annie Englebreton, Olive Trumble, Mr. G. O. Ellsworth.

Miss Greenman Entertains.

Miss Mabel Greenman entertained a party of friends last evening in a delightful manner at the home of her parents, 356 Court street. Luncheon was served during the evening and cards and dancing made the hours pass all too quickly. The guests were:

Misses— Reta Whitton, Helen Fifield, Lillian Mount, Elvira Nowlan, Mabel Greenman, Katherine Fifield, Messrs— Leo Brownell, Harry Nowlan, Harry Atwood, Ralph Inman, Bruce Harper, Alan Lovejoy.

Concordia Annual Masquerade.

The annual masquerade of the Concordia society was held at Concordia hall last night, and, as usual, was the event of the season. Smith's orchestra of eight pieces played, and the grand march occurred at 11 o'clock. C. W. Wichen, Will Klenow and Will Bannan were the floor managers. The event closed the social season, and opened the reputation of the Concordia society in all respects.

Falter-Pierce.

John H. Falter and Miss Celia Pierce were married at Beloit yesterday. Mr. Falter is an engineer on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, while the bride has been a resident of Monticello. They will make this city their home, and many friends will extend well wishes.

JANESVILLE MARKET PRICES.

Quotations On Grain And Produce as Reported For The Gazette.

The following figures show the range of prices in the local market.

Wheat—Good to best Patent, \$1.10 to \$1.25 per sack. Buckwheat Flour—25c per 10 lb. sack. Oats—White, 35c to 40c per 100 lbs. Rye—White, 35c to 40c per 100 lbs. Barley—Ranges at 15c to 20c according to quality. Corn—White, 18c to 20c; new, per 75 lbs., 14c to 15c. Clover—White, 35c to 40c per 100 lbs. Timothy Hay—25c to 30c per ton. Straw—40c to 50c per ton. Meal—50c per 100 lbs. doiled \$1.01. Beans—25c to 30c per 100 lbs. \$1.00 per ton. Potatoes—25c to 30c per 100 lbs. \$8.00 per ton. Apples—25c to 30c per 100 lbs. \$3.00 per ton. Eggs—15c to 18c per dozen. Poultry—Turkeys, 9c to 11c; chickens, 6c to 7c. Wool—10c to 12c for washed; 8c to 10c for unwashed. Hides—Green, 5c to 6c; dry, 8c to 9c. Pelts—Range at 15c to 45c each.

Chicago Board of Trade.

Chicago, March 2.—The following table shows the range of quotations on the Chicago board of trade today:

ARTICLES.	High.	Low.	Closing.	
			Mar. 2	Mar.
Wheat—Mar.	\$ 74 1/4	\$ 74 1/4	\$ 74 1/4	\$ 74 1/4
May	75 1/4	75 1/4	75 1/4	75 1/4
July	76 1/4	72 1/4	72 1/4	72 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	72 1/4	71 1/4	71 1/4	71 1/4
May	74 1/4	74 1/4	74 1/4	74 1/4
July	75 1/4	75 1/4	75 1/4	75 1/4
Sept.	76 1/4	76 1/4	76 1/4	76 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	77 1/4	77 1/4	77 1/4	77 1/4
May	78 1/4	78 1/4	78 1/4	78 1/4
July	79 1/4	79 1/4	79 1/4	79 1/4
Sept.	80 1/4	80 1/4	80 1/4	80 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	81 1/4	81 1/4	81 1/4	81 1/4
May	82 1/4	82 1/4	82 1/4	82 1/4
July	83 1/4	83 1/4	83 1/4	83 1/4
Sept.	84 1/4	84 1/4	84 1/4	84 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	85 1/4	85 1/4	85 1/4	85 1/4
May	86 1/4	86 1/4	86 1/4	86 1/4
July	87 1/4	87 1/4	87 1/4	87 1/4
Sept.	88 1/4	88 1/4	88 1/4	88 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	89 1/4	89 1/4	89 1/4	89 1/4
May	90 1/4	90 1/4	90 1/4	90 1/4
July	91 1/4	91 1/4	91 1/4	91 1/4
Sept.	92 1/4	92 1/4	92 1/4	92 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	93 1/4	93 1/4	93 1/4	93 1/4
May	94 1/4	94 1/4	94 1/4	94 1/4
July	95 1/4	95 1/4	95 1/4	95 1/4
Sept.	96 1/4	96 1/4	96 1/4	96 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4
May	98 1/4	98 1/4	98 1/4	98 1/4
July	99 1/4	99 1/4	99 1/4	99 1/4
Sept.	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4
May	102 1/4	102 1/4	102 1/4	102 1/4
July	103 1/4	103 1/4	103 1/4	103 1/4
Sept.	104 1/4	104 1/4	104 1/4	104 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4	105 1/4
May	106 1/4	106 1/4	106 1/4	106 1/4
July	107 1/4	107 1/4	107 1/4	107 1/4
Sept.	108 1/4	108 1/4	108 1/4	108 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	109 1/4	109 1/4	109 1/4	109 1/4
May	110 1/4	110 1/4	110 1/4	110 1/4
July	111 1/4	111 1/4	111 1/4	111 1/4
Sept.	112 1/4	112 1/4	112 1/4	112 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	113 1/4	113 1/4	113 1/4	113 1/4
May	114 1/4	114 1/4	114 1/4	114 1/4
July	115 1/4	115 1/4	115 1/4	115 1/4
Sept.	116 1/4	116 1/4	116 1/4	116 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	117 1/4	117 1/4	117 1/4	117 1/4
May	118 1/4	118 1/4	118 1/4	118 1/4
July	119 1/4	119 1/4	119 1/4	119 1/4
Sept.	120 1/4	120 1/4	120 1/4	120 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	121 1/4	121 1/4	121 1/4	121 1/4
May	122 1/4	122 1/4	122 1/4	122 1/4
July	123 1/4	123 1/4	123 1/4	123 1/4
Sept.	124 1/4	124 1/4	124 1/4	124 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	125 1/4	125 1/4	125 1/4	125 1/4
May	126 1/4	126 1/4	126 1/4	126 1/4
July	127 1/4	127 1/4	127 1/4	127 1/4
Sept.	128 1/4	128 1/4	128 1/4	128 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	129 1/4	129 1/4	129 1/4	129 1/4
May	130 1/4	130 1/4	130 1/4	130 1/4
July	131 1/4	131 1/4	131 1/4	131 1/4
Sept.	132 1/4	132 1/4	132 1/4	132 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	133 1/4	133 1/4	133 1/4	133 1/4
May	134 1/4	134 1/4	134 1/4	134 1/4
July	135 1/4	135 1/4	135 1/4	135 1/4
Sept.	136 1/4	136 1/4	136 1/4	136 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	137 1/4	137 1/4	137 1/4	137 1/4
May	138 1/4	138 1/4	138 1/4	138 1/4
July	139 1/4	139 1/4	139 1/4	139 1/4
Sept.	140 1/4	140 1/4	140 1/4	140 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	141 1/4	141 1/4	141 1/4	141 1/4
May	142 1/4	142 1/4	142 1/4	142 1/4
July	143 1/4	143 1/4	143 1/4	143 1/4
Sept.	144 1/4	144 1/4	144 1/4	144 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	145 1/4	145 1/4	145 1/4	145 1/4
May	146 1/4	146 1/4	146 1/4	146 1/4
July	147 1/4	147 1/4	147 1/4	147 1/4
Sept.	148 1/4	148 1/4	148 1/4	148 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	149 1/4	149 1/4	149 1/4	149 1/4
May	150 1/4	150 1/4	150 1/4	150 1/4
July	151 1/4	151 1/4	151 1/4	151 1/4
Sept.	152 1/4	152 1/4	152 1/4	152 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	153 1/4	153 1/4	153 1/4	153 1/4
May	154 1/4	154 1/4	154 1/4	154 1/4
July	155 1/4	155 1/4	155 1/4	155 1/4
Sept.	156 1/4	156 1/4	156 1/4	156 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	157 1/4	157 1/4	157 1/4	157 1/4
May	158 1/4	158 1/4	158 1/4	158 1/4
July	159 1/4	159 1/4	159 1/4	159 1/4
Sept.	160 1/4	160 1/4	160 1/4	160 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	161 1/4	161 1/4	161 1/4	161 1/4
May	162 1/4	162 1/4	162 1/4	162 1/4
July	163 1/4	163 1/4	163 1/4	163 1/4
Sept.	164 1/4	164 1/4	164 1/4	164 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	165 1/4	165 1/4	165 1/4	165 1/4
May	166 1/4	166 1/4	166 1/4	166 1/4
July	167 1/4	167 1/4	167 1/4	167 1/4
Sept.	168 1/4	168 1/4	168 1/4	168 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	169 1/4	169 1/4	169 1/4	169 1/4
May	170 1/4	170 1/4	170 1/4	170 1/4
July	171 1/4	171 1/4	171 1/4	171 1/4
Sept.	172 1/4	172 1/4	172 1/4	172 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	173 1/4	173 1/4	173 1/4	173 1/4
May	174 1/4	174 1/4	174 1/4	174 1/4
July	175 1/4	175 1/4	175 1/4	175 1/4
Sept.	176 1/4	176 1/4	176 1/4	176 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	177 1/4	177 1/4	177 1/4	177 1/4
May	178 1/4	178 1/4	178 1/4	178 1/4
July	179 1/4	179 1/4	179 1/4	179 1/4
Sept.	180 1/4	180 1/4	180 1/4	180 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	181 1/4	181 1/4	181 1/4	181 1/4
May	182 1/4	182 1/4	182 1/4	182 1/4
July	183 1/4	183 1/4	183 1/4	183 1/4
Sept.	184 1/4	184 1/4	184 1/4	184 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	185 1/4	185 1/4	185 1/4	185 1/4
May	186 1/4	186 1/4	186 1/4	186 1/4
July	187 1/4	187 1/4	187 1/4	187 1/4
Sept.	188 1/4	188 1/4	188 1/4	188 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	189 1/4	189 1/4	189 1/4	189 1/4
May	190 1/4	190 1/4	190 1/4	190 1/4
July	191 1/4	191 1/4	191 1/4	191 1/4
Sept.	192 1/4	192 1/4	192 1/4	192 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	193 1/4	193 1/4	193 1/4	193 1/4
May	194 1/4	194 1/4	194 1/4	194 1/4
July	195 1/4	195 1/4	195 1/4	195 1/4
Sept.	196 1/4	196 1/4	196 1/4	196 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	197 1/4	197 1/4	197 1/4	197 1/4
May	198 1/4	198 1/4	198 1/4	198 1/4
July	199 1/4	199 1/4	199 1/4	199 1/4
Sept.	200 1/4	200 1/4	200 1/4	200 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	201 1/4	201 1/4	201 1/4	201 1/4
May	202 1/4	202 1/4	202 1/4	202 1/4
July	203 1/4	203 1/4	203 1/4	203 1/4
Sept.	204 1/4	204 1/4	204 1/4	204 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	205 1/4	205 1/4	205 1/4	205 1/4
May	206 1/4	206 1/4	206 1/4	206 1/4
July	207 1/4	207 1/4	207 1/4	207 1/4
Sept.	208 1/4	208 1/4	208 1/4	208 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4
May	210 1/4	210 1/4	210 1/4	210 1/4
July	211 1/4	211 1/4	211 1/4	211 1/4
Sept.	212 1/4	212 1/4	212 1/4	212 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	213 1/4	213 1/4	213 1/4	213 1/4
May	214 1/4	214 1/4	214 1/4	214 1/4
July	215 1/4	215 1/4	215 1/4	215 1/4
Sept.	216 1/4	216 1/4	216 1/4	216 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	217 1/4	217 1/4	217 1/4	217 1/4
May	218 1/4	218 1/4	218 1/4	218 1/4
July	219 1/4	219 1/4	219 1/4	219 1/4
Sept.	220 1/4	220 1/4	220 1/4	220 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	221 1/4	221 1/4	221 1/4	221 1/4
May	222 1/4	222 1/4	222 1/4	222 1/4
July	223 1/4	223 1/4	223 1/4	223 1/4
Sept.	224 1/4	224 1/4	224 1/4	224 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	225 1/4	225 1/4	225 1/4	225 1/4
May	226 1/4	226 1/4	226 1/4	226 1/4
July	227 1/4	227 1/4	227 1/4	227 1/4
Sept.	228 1/4	228 1/4	228 1/4	228 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	229 1/4	229 1/4	229 1/4	229 1/4
May	230 1/4	230 1/4	230 1/4	230 1/4
July	231 1/4	231 1/4	231 1/4	231 1/4
Sept.	232 1/4	232 1/4	232 1/4	232 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	233 1/4	233 1/4	233 1/4	233 1/4
May	234 1/4	234 1/4	234 1/4	234 1/4
July	235 1/4	235 1/4	235 1/4	235 1/4
Sept.	236 1/4	236 1/4	236 1/4	236 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	237 1/4	237 1/4	237 1/4	237 1/4
May	238 1/4	238 1/4	238 1/4	238 1/4
July	239 1/4	239 1/4	239 1/4	239 1/4
Sept.	240 1/4	240 1/4	240 1/4	240 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	241 1/4	241 1/4	241 1/4	241 1/4
May	242 1/4	242 1/4	242 1/4	242 1/4
July	243 1/4	243 1/4	243 1/4	243 1/4
Sept.	244 1/4	244 1/4	244 1/4	244 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	245 1/4	245 1/4	245 1/4	245 1/4
May	246 1/4	246 1/4	246 1/4	246 1/4
July	247 1/4	247 1/4	247 1/4	247 1/4
Sept.	248 1/4	248 1/4	248 1/4	248 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	249 1/4	249 1/4	249 1/4	249 1/4
May	250 1/4	250 1/4	250 1/4	250 1/4
July	251 1/4	251 1/4	251 1/4	251 1/4
Sept.	252 1/4	252 1/4	252 1/4	252 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	253 1/4	253 1/4	253 1/4	253 1/4
May	254 1/4	254 1/4	254 1/4	254 1/4
July	255 1/4	255 1/4	255 1/4	255 1/4
Sept.	256 1/4	256 1/4	256 1/4	256 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	257 1/4	257 1/4	257 1/4	257 1/4
May	258 1/4	258 1/4	258 1/4	258 1/4
July	259 1/4	259 1/4	259 1/4	259 1/4
Sept.	260 1/4	260 1/4	260 1/4	260 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	261 1/4	261 1/4	261 1/4	261 1/4
May	262 1/4	262 1/4	262 1/4	262 1/4
July	263 1/4	263 1/4	263 1/4	263 1/4
Sept.	264 1/4	264 1/4	264 1/4	264 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	265 1/4	265 1/4	265 1/4	265 1/4
May	266 1/4	266 1/4	266 1/4	266 1/4
July	267 1/4	267 1/4	267 1/4	267 1/4
Sept.	268 1/4	268 1/4	268 1/4	268 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	269 1/4	269 1/4	269 1/4	269 1/4
May	270 1/4	270 1/4	270 1/4	270 1/4
July	271 1/4	271 1/4	271 1/4	271 1/4
Sept.	272 1/4	272 1/4	272 1/4	272 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	273 1/4	273 1/4	273 1/4	273 1/4
May	274 1/4	274 1/4	274 1/4	274 1/4
July	275 1/4	275 1/4	275 1/4	275 1/4
Sept.	276 1/4	276 1/4	276 1/4	276 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	277 1/4	277 1/4	277 1/4	277 1/4
May	278 1/4	278 1/4	278 1/4	278 1/4
July	279 1/4	279 1/4	279 1/4	279 1/4
Sept.	280 1/4	280 1/4	280 1/4	280 1/4
Oct.—Mar.	281 1/4	281 1/4	281 1/4	281 1/4
May	282 1/4	282 1/4		

SENATOR JOHN SHERMAN, SECRETARY OF STATE.

Senator John Sherman, McKinley's secretary of state, has been prominent in public affairs since 1844, when he made himself heard in advocacy of the presidency. He was born in Lancaster, O., in 1823. He lived humbly in those early days. What education he got was such as could be had in the country schools of that time. It was not of an extensive sort. When he was 14 years old, he secured employment in a surveying party as rodman. Afterward he got a clerkship in one of the county offices. At the age of 17 he went to Mansfield, O., and began to read law in the office of his brother. It took him four years to perfect himself in Blackstone and Kent and other worthies of the reading schedule of that date and pass the examination that secured him admission to the bar. This eventful period was reached on Sherman's twenty-first birthday, and the celebration of that occasion made the anniversary more than usually pleasant and memorable.

His career as a lawyer and statesman is familiar to the merest schoolboy of the land. Beginning with his election to the national house of representatives in 1854, his record has been one of successive honors and promotions. After having served as representative he was made senator, and such was the esteem in which he was held by his constituents that he was re-elected to the office as regular as the expirations of his terms. Indeed, since 1854 there has been only one day whereon John Sherman was out of office. That was March 3, 1881, the day after he had tendered his resignation as secretary of the treasury under the Hayes administration and the day before he took the oath of office as a re-elected senator.

Not only has Mr. Sherman been thus continuously honored in connection with the legislative branch of the government, but he has been pushed by his friends very hard for the presidency time and time again. There is no doubt that Sherman has nourished a warm and strong ambition for this high place, and at one time it seemed almost a certainty that he would be the candidate of his party for the coveted post. This was in 1880, when James A. Garfield, Sherman's advocate in the convention, builded so much better than he knew that he himself secured what he sought for his chief.

Four years later, too, there was a strong Sherman sentiment working in the national convention, and again it seemed possible that the Ohio solon would be put in the first place on the ticket, but Harrison was selected. It is generally believed that this was the bitterest disappointment Sherman ever experienced.

Senator Sherman is now nearly 74 years of age. He is white haired, and his tall, slender form bends somewhat under the weight of these many years, but there is grim tenacity in his make up, and his vitality is many times stronger than it appears to be. Mentally he is as keen as a scimitar, though his words are far less acrid now than they were in his younger days. His acceptance of a cabinet position is generally regarded as his political capitulation—a compromise with his higher aspirations.

LYMAN J. GAGE, SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Lyman J. Gage, the man who is to succeed John G. Carlisle as secretary of the treasury, is a well known and picturesque character in the middle west. He is a man of energy as well as ideas, and, though he has lived 60 years, he can hardly be called old.

Mr. Gage was born at Deruyter, N. Y., June 28, 1836. His parents were also New Yorkers, and their ancestors were among the first settlers of New England. The father of Lyman Gage was a farmer and afterward a merchant in a small way.

In 1846 the elder Gage moved with his family to Rome, N. Y., and there Lyman attended school until he was 15 years old. At that time the Gage family was so large that Lyman thought it would be best for him to begin to make his own way, so he secured a clerkship in a country postoffice. Within a year he was promoted to the position of mail agent on the Rome and Watertown railroad. In 1856 he withdrew from the railroad and took a position in the Oneida Central bank at Rome. Here he acted as junior clerk, office boy and general factotum at a salary of \$100 a year. After serving his employers in this capacity for a year or more young Gage asked for an advance of salary. This being refused, he threw up his position, and, acting on an idea which he had long entertained, started west.

Chicago was the objective point which young Gage had in his mind. Thither he made his way, arriving Oct. 3, 1855. His efforts to get employment in a bank were fruitless, and so he applied at Nathan Cole's lumber yard and obtained work there. It was hard labor. He loaded wagons, steered his legs against circular saws and now and then took his turn at driving a team of balky mules. The pay was small, and the hours were long. After awhile he was promoted to the position of night watchman and put in the long hours between sunset and sunrise patrolling the yard to prevent fires and thefts. A year later he became bookkeeper of the concern.

His first step in the remarkable ascent he made to fame and prosperity was taken Aug. 3, 1858. He had been quietly looking out for employment in which his special talents could have a chance to develop. On the day named he walked into the Merchants' Savings, Loan and Trust Company bank and asked the cashier for a position. To his joy and astonishment, his application was looked upon with favor. They were needing the services of a bookkeeper and would give Gage a trial at \$500 a year.

It was an humble beginning, but it was all Gage wanted. His promotions began within six months. At the end of that period he was made paying teller. In this position he displayed many of the talents which have made him famous. Not long afterward he became as-

sistant cashier. He remained with the Merchants' Savings, Loan and Trust company until the position of assistant cashier of the First National bank was offered him. He has been with the latter institution ever since. In time he became vice president and afterward president of this great banking institution.

It was the public record of Mr. Gage in his successful efforts to allay the discontent and rioting of 1887 that gave him his greatest prestige. He was a wonderful harmonizer. In those days of panics and disaster he called meetings of laborers and capitalists, some of which were held in his own parlors, and got them to confer together and settle upon modes of procedure that would ease the friction between the classes.

It was to Mr. Gage also that the success of the World's fair was largely attributable. He was its first president and its strongest backer. He it was also who began the fight for its location, and it would certainly have gone somewhere else but for his untiring efforts.

Mr. Gage has been twice married—first in 1864, to Miss Sarah Etheridge of Little Falls, N. Y. She died in 1874, leaving a son, Eli Gage, now a young man of 30. The present wife of Mr. Gage was Miss Cornelia Washburn of Albany.

In person Mr. Gage is large and fine looking. He stands nearly 6 feet in height and weighs 200 pounds. His manner is suave, magnetic and altogether agreeable. He and his wife are great favorites in a quiet, social way and entertain their friends handsomely. The principal recreations of the great financier are whist and the theater. He is a member of a number of the best clubs of the city and of various associations devoted to business and finance.

GENERAL RUSSELL A. ALGER, SECRETARY OF WAR.

Mr. McKinley's secretary of war, ex-Governor Russell A. Alger of Michigan, has been a public character for many years. Although a native of the great northwest, he is of New England ancestry. His parents settled in Lafayette township, Medina county, O., in 1835, where, on Feb. 27 in the following year, the future governor was born. Hardships came to him early. At the age of 13 he was left alone in the world without a dollar and burdened with the care of a younger sister and brother. Young Alger was strong and courageous, however, and showed his mettle at once. He found places for his brother and sister and went to work for his board and clothes and three months' schooling per year. Afterward he exchanged his services as a farmhand for a small monthly wage. But he stuck hard to his studies, and by the time he was 20 years of age he was able to take charge of a district school. While engaged as a teacher he applied himself diligently to the study of law, and in 1857 entered a law office at Akron. A year later, having been admitted to the bar, he went to Cleveland to practice his profession.

The strain of hard work and overstudy began to tell on his constitution, and he determined to adopt some other business in which he could take better care of his health. In order to accomplish what he desired he removed to Grand Rapids, Mich., where he and a friend, whom he had taken as a partner, embarked in the lumber business.

For a few months the business seemed to prosper, and young Alger, feeling himself warranted in such a step, took to himself a wife—Miss Annette H. Henry. Misfortune came to him soon after. A Chicago house upon whose welfare the fate of the young lumber merchants depended went to pieces, and with it went the entire business which Alger and his partner had built up.

In August, 1861, the breaking out of the civil war opened another opportunity for Alger. He enlisted in the Second Michigan cavalry and was soon after made captain of company C. At this time Philip H. Sheridan was a captain in the same regiment, and on the promotion of its colonel, Gordon Granger, Alger was sent by the latter to Pittsburgh Landing to induce Governor Blair to appoint Sheridan to the vacant colonelcy. This Alger succeeded in doing, and here began the rapid advance of Sheridan in the army.

In October, 1862, Alger became lieutenant colonel of the Sixth Michigan cavalry and colonel of the Fifth in February, 1865. His promotion to the office of brevet major general "for gallant and meritorious service during the war" came at the close of the war, June 11, 1865.

When he had finished fighting, General Alger laid down his sword and returned to the lumber business. His great success is a matter well known. It was he who first made extensive use of the railroad in getting logs and lumber out of the forests and into the markets. He has interested himself in various other enterprises, all of which have thrived.

One of his highest political aspirations was realized when, in 1884, he was elected governor of Michigan. The vote which made him chief executive in the state was the highest the Republican party ever cast in Michigan. His administration was characterized by strict integrity, and his business methods were vastly useful in the conduct of state affairs. Although he was pressed to become a candidate for re-election, he persistently refused to allow his name to be put forward.

Though threescore years of age, Gen-

eral Alger is as vigorous of body as he is of mind, and in every way he is equal to the duties to which he will devote himself in his new office.

HON. JOHN D. LONG, SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

Ex-Governor John D. Long of Massachusetts, who takes control of Uncle Sam's war fleets and attend to the other duties devolving upon the secretary of the navy, is one of the most prominent of the public men of the Bay State.

John Davis Long was born at Buckfield, Me., Oct. 27, 1838. He was prepared for college at Hebron, Me., and entered Harvard at the age of 14. He made a brilliant record at college and showed particularly as a poet, a gentle art which he has practiced as a pastime occasionally in later years. After his graduation from Harvard, in 1857, he was engaged as principal of the Westford academy, where he taught until 1859. He then began to attend the Harvard Law school. In 1861 he was admitted to the bar and opened an office in his native town.

He did not remain long there, however, for he concluded that a young man had a better chance in Massachusetts.

His personality is impressive. His features are finely drawn and full of expression, and his sociable nature manifests itself in a manner at once cultured, simple and dignified.

While in congress he and Major McKinley were warm friends, and the honor conferred upon the Massachusetts man by the president elect was a matter of personal gratification as well as a recognition of special fitness and general worth.

JAMES A. GARY, POSTMASTER GENERAL.

James Albert Gary, now widely known because of his selection as postmaster general under the new administration, is a man who has long been prominent in Maryland, where he has resided since his early boyhood. Mr. Gary was born in Uncasville, Conn., in 1833, from which place his father removed to Maryland a few years later, taking with him his family. Young Gary was sent to school at Ellicott City, Md., and afterward became a student of Allegheny college, Meadville, Pa. President Elect McKinley was also attending this college, and it was here that he and Gary formed the friendship that

achieved in the political field. In 1870 the Republicans nominated him for congress in the Fifth district. As the entire state of Maryland was at that time largely Democratic it was a foregone conclusion that he would be defeated. When nominated for governor, in 1879, his very handsome vote was overcome by the same expected Democratic majority.

Mr. Gary has been a delegate to every national convention of his party since 1872, and from 1880 to 1896 has represented Maryland on the Republican national committee.

The home life of Mr. Gary has been quiet and happy. In 1856 he was married to Miss Lavinia W. Corrie, daughter of James Corrie, a highly respected citizen. Seven daughters and one son were the fruits of this union. The son, E. Stanley Gary, is now junior partner in the old firm.

JUDGE JOSEPH MCKENNA, SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

Judge Joseph McKenna of California, in President McKinley's cabinet as secretary of the interior, is a native of Philadelphia. He was born Aug. 10, 1843, and removed with his parents to Benicia, Cal., in 1855. His education, commenced in the public schools of Philadelphia, was completed at the Benicia Collegiate institute, now St. Augustine college, where he studied law. He was admitted to the bar in 1865, and in the same year, at the age of 22, was elected district attorney of Solano county, the duties of which office he discharged faithfully for four years.

In 1875 he was elected to the California legislature. While serving his constituents in this capacity he made a reputation for himself as champion of the public school system, then suffering seriously from sectarian attacks. In the following year he was nominated for congress, but was defeated by a small majority. His friends were determined, however, that their champion should have a seat in congress, so they continued to push young McKenna for the office, and finally, in 1884, he was elected by a handsome majority. In 1888 he was again nominated and elected, and in 1890 the same honor was conferred upon him.

On Feb. 11, 1892, President Harrison appointed Mr. McKenna to the position of judge of the United States circuit court to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Lorenzo Sawyer.

It was while both were serving on the ways and means committee that Major McKinley and Judge McKenna formed the friendship which binds them now, and it was here that each recognized the special capabilities of the other. President Elect McKinley has always held a high opinion of Judge McKenna's ability as a jurist, and his appreciation of Judge McKenna's knowledge of western affairs and the general interests of the interior have no doubt largely influenced him in making this selection.

Judge McKenna is described as being a studious man devoted to his judicial duties, but affable and easy in his manner. His popularity in California has been continuous and ever increasing, and he is regarded as in every way worthy of the honor conferred upon him.

COLONEL JOHN J. MCCOOK, ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Colonel John J. McCook, the man designated by Mr. McKinley for the office of attorney general, is one of the fighting McKooks of Ohio who fought for the Union throughout the civil war. There were nine of these McKooks. Eight of them were brothers, the other was Major Daniel McCook, father of the eight.

Colonel John J. McCook was born at Carrollton, O., May 25, 1845. When the war broke out, he was a student at Kenyon college, and at the beginning of his freshman year he enlisted in the Sixth Ohio cavalry. Soon after passing his seventeenth birthday he was promoted to a first lieutenantcy and was assigned to duty on the staff of General Thomas L. Crittenden, commanding a corps of the Army of the Ohio which subsequently became the Twenty-first corps of the Army of the Cumberland. He served in the campaigns of Perryville, Storm River, Tullahoma, Chattanooga and Chickamauga and was with General Grant in his campaign with the Army of the Potomac from the battle of the Wilderness to the crossing of the James river. He was commissioned a captain and aid-de-camp of United States volunteers in September, 1863, and was brevetted major of volunteers for gallant and meritorious service in action at Shady Grove, Va., where he was dangerously wounded. In the same campaign he was afterward made lieutenant colonel and colonel for the same reasons. It was once said of him by a friend who knows him well, "This boy soldier—not over 20 years of age when the war closed—showed at every step of his military career the splendid dash of an enthusiast and the iron courage of a veteran."

At the close of the war Colonel McCook returned to Kenyon college, where he received the degrees of bachelor of arts in 1866 and master of arts three years later. Not content with a mere academic education, he turned his attention to the law and entered the Harvard Law school, from which institution he graduated with honor in 1869. Four years later he received the honorary degree of master of arts from Princeton. In 1890 the University of Kansas, which

has honored very few in a like manner, conferred upon Colonel McCook the degree of doctor of laws.

Colonel McCook settled down to the practice of law in New York city, and at once began to take high rank in the profession. His practice grew large and lucrative, and upon his opinions many weighty matters are decided. He married a daughter of Henry M. Alexander, the head of the firm of which he has long been a member. Colonel McCook is an elder in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church and is active in the practical and benevolent work of the church. He is also a member of the Metropolitan City Union, New York Athletic Club, Harvard, Kenyon, Ohio and Tuxedo clubs, the Bar association and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

EX-CONGRESSMAN JAMES WILSON, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

Ex-Congressman James Wilson of Iowa, to whom President McKinley tendered the agricultural portfolio, is a man well fitted for the position which he is to fill. He is not a native of America, but from the time he was 16 years old his life and work have been devoted to the interests of his adopted country, and particularly in the line of her agricultural development.

Mr. Wilson was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, Aug. 16, 1835, and came, with his parents, to America in 1851. The Wilsons lived first in Connecticut, removing to Iowa when James Wilson was still in his "teens." The education of the lad was of the common school variety, but years of reading and other self education developed his mind liberally, and by the time he was 21 years of age he was able to teach school himself. This he did for a number of years in the neighborhood of Buckingham and West Union, Ia. At this time young Wilson was very poor, and it was said that he often went about barefooted because he could not afford to wear shoes. However, his frugal habits of life soon enabled him to lay by a snug fortune, and he retired from pedagogy and bought a farm. His interest in agricultural pursuits led him to devote nearly all his time to the management of his fine estate. He became prominent in all movements for bettering the condition of farms and farmers, and also in the improvement in the breed of cattle.

Recognizing his peculiar abilities, his neighbors elected him to the state legislature, where he served three terms. A few years later—in 1874, in fact—a larger constituency elected him to the Forty-fourth congress. He was re-elected for a succeeding term, and after a lapse of six years was again sent to Washington, this time as a member of the Forty-eighth congress.

At the close of his congressional career he returned to his home in Iowa and again centered his attention upon his beloved hobby, agriculture. Besides the management of his magnificent farm he found leisure to devote much time to assisting the researches of agricultural societies and writing largely for agricultural publications.

In further recognition of his worth and usefulness in his chosen field of effort, Mr. Wilson was made professor of agriculture in the University of Iowa, at Ames.

Personally Mr. Wilson is quite popular. He is an easy and fluent talker in public or private, and is said to make friends merely by his pleasing and unaffected manner.

GONE AND FORGOTTEN.

Few Members of the Cabinet Make Names That Live Long.

"Can you name the members of President Garfield's cabinet?" asks the Washington Post. "Do you recall the distinguished gentlemen that made up President Hayes' official family?" And then it goes on to answer its own question.

The career of Timothy O. Howe of Wisconsin is an instance. He was a veteran senator for many years on the Badger State and a most efficient postmaster general under President Arthur. Several of the Wisconsin delegation in congress were asked the other day about General Howe's career and acknowledged that it was quite unknown to them, except in a general way.

William Windom of Minnesota, who died so tragically at a dinner in New York, was secretary of the treasury under Garfield. Robert T. Lincoln of Chicago was secretary of war and the only member of Garfield's cabinet that Arthur retained. Thomas L. James of New York, Garfield's postmaster general, became president of the Lincoln National bank and the Lincoln Safe Deposit company of New York.

Wayne MacVeagh was Garfield's attorney general. He went upon the stump for Cleveland and was subsequently appointed minister to Italy.

Mr. Arthur's secretary of the navy and secretary of the interior, Senators Chandler and Teller, have by no means waned since holding cabinet office.

Of the members of Cleveland's first cabinet, Bayard is ambassador to England. Manning's sad death from overwork in the treasury department is often recalled. Charles S. Fairchild of New York, who succeeded him, is president of a trust company. William C. Endicott, who was secretary of war, still lives at Salem, Mass. William C. Whitney, secretary of the navy under Cleveland, is engaged in caring for his great fortune.

Vilas, Cleveland's first postmaster general, is senator from Wisconsin, and his successor, when Vilas became secretary of the interior, was Don M. Dickinson of Michigan. A. H. Garland, who was attorney general, is a prominent attorney in Washington.

Norman J. Colman of St. Louis, the first secretary of agriculture, is a prominent factor in Missouri affairs.

John W. Foster, who succeeded Blaine as secretary of state, lives in Washington.

When William Windom died, Charles Foster of Fostoria, O., was named as secretary of the treasury. He is still active in politics.



He therefore returned to Boston, later removing to the town of Hingham. Here in 1869 he became interested in politics and went before the people as Republican candidate for member of the legislature from the Second Plymouth district. His election followed. In 1876 he was re-elected to the house and was afterward chosen speaker. In this position he was very popular, and his re-elections in 1877 and 1878 were by such great majorities as to surprise everybody.

In 1878 he was elected lieutenant governor of Massachusetts, and in 1879 he was chosen governor by a plurality of more than 13,000 votes, and in 1880 was re-elected by a plurality of 52,000 votes. This extraordinarily large vote was regarded as an ovation.

After he had, by election and re-election, served as governor until January, 1883, he was elected to the Forty-eighth congress. He was returned to his seat in the lower house for two more terms—the Forty-ninth and Fiftieth congresses. After his decision to retire from public life he returned to the practice of the law, wherein his success has been phenomenal.

During all the time of his arduous public labors Mr. Long continued to indulge his taste for literature and to keep pace with the march of science and art. He is a many-sided man. He has not only published a scholarly translation of Virgil's "Æneid," but has contributed to current literature many choice bits of original verse of truly classic quality. He is also said to be a connoisseur of art in all its forms of expression.

has lasted all the years that have intervened between that time and the present.

During the war Mr. Gary was loyal to the Union. He has always been a staunch Republican and prominently identified with the interests of his party. The elder Gary was an extensive manufacturer of cotton duck, the business offices and warehouse being located in Baltimore. In 1861 James A. Gary was admitted to the firm, and the business was conducted under the name James S. Gary & Son. The active influence of the new member was soon felt, and the growth and prosperity of the business were most marked. In 1862 a branch house was opened in St. Louis, which gave the concern a footing in the west that proved most profitable. In 1870 James A. Gary succeeded his father in business, and during the 26 years that have elapsed since he assumed control the business has continued to prosper. Among the business men of Baltimore he has a "gilt edged" standing that is only to be attained by years of business probity and proved stability.

For several years Mr. Gary was president of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association. He is now vice president of the Consolidated Gas company and vice president of the Citizens' National bank. He also holds directorships in the Savings Bank of Baltimore, the Warehouse company, the American Insurance company, the Merchants and Manufacturers' Insurance company and the Baltimore Trust and Guaranty company.

His greatest prominence has been

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER

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QUICK WORK.

The outlook for early tariff legislation is bright. It will be easy for the republicans to push bills through the house in three or four weeks; after it is reported, there is said to be nobody in the senate, after all, who will offer captious objections. This should insure its passage in the senate within five or six weeks after it is brought up and should put it in President McKinley's hands before June 15.

This would be quick work, it is true, but the reasons for it are plain and urgent. Business wants certainty, and then it wants freedom from all further danger of tariff changes for several years.

The tariff is an old question. It has been discussed every few years from 1789 onward. Nothing new can be said upon it now. The bill which the ways and means committee is framing can doubtless be quickly grasped in all its essential features by congress and the country. Long speeches upon it will not be needed. The members of the committee have had considerable experience in tariff framing, and as they know the fate of their party in the immediate future may largely depend upon this bill they have the most powerful incentive to shape it so that it will be satisfactory to the people. It is to the interest of the country that this legislation should be had at the earliest practicable moment.

THE PULSE OF TRADE.

Iron production has so long been considered a reliable trade barometer that the figures of the pig iron output are interesting. This amounted to 162,959 tons a week at the beginning of the present month, which was a gain of more than 3,600 tons over the output a month earlier. There has been a steady increase since October 1, the time at which the country began to realize that Bryan's defeat was certain. The growth in production in the past few weeks has been smaller than it was three or four months ago but as the iron market has been disturbed recently on account of the collapse of some people in iron and steel products and the expected wreck of other trusts which has not yet taken place, the fact that there has been an increase at all is encouraging.

CUBANS ARE DEFIANT.

The military and civil heads of the Cuban insurgents have once more declared that they will not accept home rule. Nothing short of absolute separation from Spain will induce them to lay down their arms. Home rule, even under the conditions often suggested—that is, under an American guarantee—would be worth nothing to the Cubans, while it would be an embarrassment to the United States. Spain, of course would disregard her promises, and the attempt on the United States' part to compel her to respect them, would result in war. It is better on all accounts that the Cubans reject Spain's proposals. Their chances for ultimate independence apparently grow better as time passes.

Local militiamen have received samples of the new 25-calibre cartridges used in the United States navy. The bullets look like knitting needles and are in strong contrast to the ounce slugs of the Springfield. One thing about the Springfield bullet, though, if it hits a man he doesn't fit three or four hours before he finds out that he has been hit.

It takes the backbone out of hard times stories—this Midwestern fair showing of Rock county's wealth. Hard times can be no stern reality as long as such corn and potatoes and tobacco and barley and fruit abound. Where else in the state would such a display be possible? The pride of Old Rock is justified.

What has the sugar trust done to the maple sugar industry? Heretofore the "new crop" has been in market before Jan. 10 every year in spite of the fact that sap does not begin to run until March or April.

The stay-at-home republicans of 1892 cost the country \$336,000,000 according to the latest figures on the treasury deficiency.

A monthly market in some suitable building would be a fit outgrowth of the Midwestern Fair.

The finest chocolate creams in the city only 10 cents a pound, 25 cent half pound at Sanborn's.

IN THE WHITE HOUSE

MR. MCKINLEY TAKES DINNER WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Journey from Canton Safely Accomplished, and the Party Arrives at the Capital in Excellent Spirits—Details of the Inauguration Program Arranged.

Washington, March 3.—Maj. McKinley, with his family and large party of friends, arrived safely in the capital city a minute after 11 o'clock Tuesday morning over the Pennsylvania railroad. The weather was cheerful and bright, with warm sunshine over all and a temperature if anything too high to be seasonable.

A large crowd had assembled at the Pennsylvania station long before the train arrived and it required the efforts of a considerable force of police to keep the approaches clear. There was a good deal of disappointment expressed among these people over the absence of military in the escort, but it was by special request of the President-elect that such formalities were dispensed with on this occasion.

As soon as the cars came to a stop Gov. Bushnell boarded the train, entering car No. 38, where the President-elect, with the members of his immediate family were in waiting. The executive committee also paid their respects to the incoming chief magistrate, and without delay the party started for the carriages which were to convey them to the Ebbitt. The President-elect appeared to be in the best of spirits. Mrs. McKinley also appeared to advantage.

At the Ebbitt house the crowd had been gathering since early breakfast time, preemptions doorways, carriage steps, windows and other points of vantage. The Presidential party arrived about 11:20 o'clock and by a clever coup the President-elect gained entrance to the hotel without inconvenience.

Maj. McKinley received a few friends quite informally and then settled down to rest and a light luncheon, but there was no semblance of a public reception.

President Cleveland and Mrs. Cleveland at night entertained at dinner President-elect McKinley. It was expected that Mrs. McKinley would accompany her husband to the dinner, but owing to the exhaustion that followed the exciting events of the journey from Canton and the day in Washington, she was unable to do so.

ARRANGING THE DETAILS.

National Salutes to Be Fired in Honor of President McKinley.

Washington, March 3.—A national salute of twenty-one guns will be fired when President Cleveland leaves the White House in company with Mr. McKinley for the capitol, and another salute of twenty-one guns will announce that they have entered the capitol. One gun will be fired when Mr. McKinley takes the oath of office and a national salute of twenty-one guns at the conclusion of the inaugural when President McKinley and Mr. Cleveland begin their return march to the White House and the same number of guns when the tour is made. President McKinley enters the White House or the reviewing stand.

Mr. Cleveland's Sickness.

Washington, March 3.—President Cleveland has suffered for a week past from rheumatic gout, which has now assumed such proportions that there is some question whether or not he will be able to take part in the inaugural ceremonies at the capitol on March 4, though he is taking special care of himself in order that he may perform his part in the ceremonies. While his condition is not such as to excite any alarm it is extremely painful.

The Big Parade.

Washington, March 3.—Grand Marshal Porter is hard at work at his quarters arranging for the big inaugural parade on Thursday. A rough total of the number of regular and militia soldiers and sailors who will be in line shows an aggregate of 11,000 to 12,000. The escort of President McKinley will number about 500. The civic organizations vary greatly in strength, but are estimated at about 12,000.

Is Fighting for Cuba.

Portland, Ore., March 3.—The mystery surrounding the inexplicable disappearance of Russell Montgomery of this city, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. Montgomery, from the naval academy at Annapolis May 4, 1896, has been solved. Young Montgomery is fighting for Cuba libre and as lieutenant of a dynamite battery has made a record of heroism for the cause he has enlisted to defend.

New Stock Yards Rule.

Lincoln, Neb., March 3.—The senate spent Tuesday in animated debate on a bill to regulate stock yards. It was finally recommended to pass, after several amendments. It reduces charges about 20 per cent and limits all charges to prices specified. Charges for grain and hay are limited to market price, plus 50 per cent of price.

Salaries for Michigan Legislators.

Lansing, Mich., March 3.—The senate committee of the whole agreed to joint resolutions fixing the salary of members of the Legislature at \$500 and a mileage fee of 5 cents and that limiting introduction of bills to thirty days.

Extra Session for Kentucky.

Frankfort, Ky., March 3.—Governor Bradley will, on Friday, issue a proclamation calling the legislature together in extra session. The date of the assembling will probably be March 16.

CHANGE OF JAILS ORDERED.

Jackson and Walling to Be Taken from Newport to Alexandria.

Newport, Ky., March 3.—Judge Helm and Sheriff Plummer held a short conference Tuesday concerning the removal of Jackson and Walling to the Alexandria jail. The conference ended by Judge Helm ordering the prisoners taken to Alexandria at once. They will be kept at Alexandria until March 20, when they will be brought back to Newport and hanged.

The removal was caused by the two officers of the death watch, who had discovered evidences of attempted suicide on the part of Jackson and Walling. They were powerless to prevent articles being smuggled to the prisoners.

Bank Wrecker Found in Chicago.

New York, March 3.—A special dispatch from Montreal to the Evening Post says: "J. S. Bousquet, the former cashier of the Banque du Peuple, who was charged with wrecking that institution, has been located. A detective agency has ascertained that he and his family are living in Chicago and moving in good society. He is doing business as a stock broker and has become a member of the Chicago stock exchange. To do this it was necessary to make a statement that he was worth at least \$75,000, and he made a deposition to that effect."

Anglo-Venezuelan Entente.

Washington, March 3.—The state department has been informed that diplomatic relations between Venezuela and Great Britain, which were interrupted some years ago, have been restored, and that Juan Pietrie, the present Venezuelan minister to Germany, has been transferred to Great Britain. This will leave but one step to wind up the whole embarrassing and critical Venezuelan controversy—the assured ratification by the Venezuelan congress of the arbitration agreement.

Big Strike Threatened.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 3.—National Vice-President Kane of the United Mine Workers, says a strike of the 10,000 railroad miners in this district is inevitable unless there is a change for the better before the opening of the lake trade. The miners are getting 54 to 60 cents per ton for mining and will demand 69 cents. He says the lake season will open in April or early in May, and the miners will attempt to tie up the lake trade.

Train Robbers Must Die.

Kansas City, Mo., March 3.—Judge Wofford of the Criminal Court decided in a lengthy opinion that the law fixing the death penalty for train robbing was constitutional. The decision was in the case of the Blue Cut train robbers, Kennedy, Bolen and Flinn, who filed a demurrer to the indictments. After the trial, if the men are convicted, they will appeal to the Supreme Court as a further test of the law.

Tried to Wreck a Fast Train.

Butler, Ind., March 3.—The St. Louis and Detroit eastbound passenger train on the Wabash road was run off the track at Newton at an early hour Tuesday morning on the Lake Erie crossing, the agent being so placed as to cause the wreck. No one was injured, though the train was a fast one and was well loaded.

Cannot Attend the Inaugural.

Ottawa, Ont., March 3.—Owing to the early opening of parliament and pressure of public business Premier Laurier stated today he had been compelled to decline the invitation extended to himself and colleagues to be present at the presidential inaugural ceremonies at Washington on the 4th inst.

Bliss Pondering on the Cabinet.

Washington, March 3.—Cornelius N. Bliss called upon Senator-elect Platt of New York at the Arlington last night. He has so far yielded to Major McKinley's wishes as to consent to take back his original refusal of a cabinet position and to promise further to consider the offer.

Ship Building Yards Close.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 3.—The Globe Iron works officials have closed their ship-building works and yard for an indefinite time. The closing of the yards was a great surprise to the strikers. About 800 men are thus thrown out of employment.

Shipping Steel Rails to Japan.

Dubuque, Ia., March 3.—Many cars of steel rails, destined to Japan, are passing through Dubuque daily over the Chicago Great Western. The recent drop in the price of rails is responsible for the large shipments.

Want Ambassador Uhl Retained.

Berlin, March 3.—A petition for the retention here of Edwin F. Uhl, United States ambassador to Germany, signed by a number of prominent Americans in this city, has been cabled to President-elect McKinley.

Andrew Carnegie Is Improving.

Greenwich, Conn., March 3.—It is announced that Andrew Carnegie, who is seriously ill at his Greenwich residence, is improving. Unless unexpected complications set in, it is expected that he will speedily recover.

Mount Holyoke Is Enriched.

South Hadley, Mass., March 3.—The faculty of Mount Holyoke College has announced the gift to the college of \$40,000 for a dormitory by John D. Rockefeller of New York, and the receipt of a check "from a friend" for \$2,250.

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Beats All Uncolored Japan Tea, 1 lb. 25c. A big cake of Scented Soap, 5c. Scented Brick, large and best, 5c. Best and only Sapolio, 5c. Mammoth Sifting Top Box of Bluing, 5c. On top patent lever Mop Stick, 10c. Three Hole Mouse Trap, 3c. No. 2 Lamp Chimney, 5c. Large Coal Hod, 15c. Two hoop wood Water Pail, 15c. 14-qt. Blspan, 15c. 2-qt. Teapot, 10c. Wood Potato Masher, 5c. 2 large clear glass Table Tumblers, 5c. 66-foot Clothes line, 5c.

RIDER'S, near Grand Hotel 163 W. Milwaukee St.

Palmer & Bonesteel

We have a full line of the



Medicines for sale. Try the

Sarsaparilla,

The Great Blood Medicine PALMER & BONESTEEL, The Druggists. See our Window.

The Fire Alarm!

Janesville firemen realize that there is a difference in the result when they are one minute instead of twenty going to a fire. Every person in this city who has been treated by the New York Specialist has shown wonderful improvement, while a few have been discharged, cured. When we know that these cases were of a chronic type, of long standing, and had been treated by prominent physicians who pronounced them incurable, we must admit that his methods are different from the methods of those who failed to cure, while the result would indicate that his methods are correct. Yet, delays are dangerous. When your house takes fire you waste no time in experiments. If your body is in danger act as promptly and there will be less damage to repair. You can build another house, but extra bodies are not supplied.

M. ALDEN MOREHOUSE, Specialist, Murdock Flats, North Franklin St.

Boarders Roomers

are readily secured by placing an ad. of

12 words for 10 cents

In the classified columns of

The Gazette....

No Fooling About Meat.

Your daily order is safe with Kammer if you want

A STEAK,

A CHOP,

A ROAST,

A BOIL-

ing piece. Our wagons take your orders every morning. All you do is telephone 219. We do the rest.

Corner Western and Center Ave. Telephone 219.

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS.

I raise STRAWBERRY and RASPBERRY plants. The leading varieties raspberries, "Parker," "Kansas," "Grog," "Schafer," "Cuthbert," and many others. Over twenty Strawberry, any of them good. I guarantee every plant to bear 6 and first-class stock. I make small plants a specialty. Write for particulars. J. D. CURRY, Footville, Wis.

The Delicious Fragrance Refreshing coolness and soft beauty imparted to the skin by POZZONI'S POWDER, commands it to all ladies.

Flannels

full of Honest Service AT Half Price...

Our flannel counter will delight careful house-keepers. Nothing gives the service of honestly woven dress flannels, and the prices we have made are an inducement to buying for future use. For instance:

All wool flannel dress goods light tans and browns, 54-in. wide, strictly all wool at 25c worth 49 cents.

All wool flannel dress goods 54-inches wide. These goods come in brown, green and blues. The price is 27½c worth 50 cents.

All wool dress flannels, 54-in. wide. Several shades of brown, several shades of gray, navy blue and scarlet. Well 40c worth 75c, they go at

Ladies Cloth—all wool, 54-in. wide. The regular 90-cent goods. Blue and black 59c The price is

H. Hoffmaster & Son, 8 South Main St.

THE NOLAN BROS.

ORIGINAL BRAND OF BUTTER.

The Northern Dairy—nothing like it—always the same flavor, never changes; it comes to us direct twice each week.

Kettle rendered, home-made Lard, 4½ pounds 25c

Crystal Clear Honey Drop Syrup, per gallon Table 18c

Choice Picnic Hams, per pound..... 6c

Other groceries equally as low priced.

NOLAN BROS.

Next Grand Hotel, phone 172.

The Boston Store A Crack In Cracker Prices

Oyster Crackers, 5c lb.; 6 for 25c. Soda Crackers 5c lb.; 6 for 25c. Butter Crackers, 5c lb.; 6 for 25c. Ginger Snaps, 5c lb. 16 oz. full weight loaf Vienna, Rye or Graham Bread, 3c. 5 gals. Honey Drops Syrup, \$1.00. Yellow Crawford Dried Peaches, 10c lb.; very fancy. Dried California Bartlett Pears, choice fruit, 10c lb. Dried Apricots, 5c lb. Fancy Turkish Prunes, 5c lb. Very fancy large Prunes, 3c lb. Lima Beans, 8c qt. Hand picked Navy Beans, 8 qts. 25c. We carry the reliable Franklin Mac Veach Club House Coffee—best that money can buy. Call and get a sample.

THE BOSTON STORE.

7 and 9 S. River street. TELEPHONE 239.

Coal Choice Enough For Table Use.....

Accompanying an invoice of ten carloads of Coal is a letter from the miner saying: "The Coal we have ordered to you is so choice that it will do for table use. They say they are going to give it as senger train service."

Crossett & Bonesteel, Office in rear of P. O. Janesville. Phone 238.

CONSTABLE SWORE AND PAID A FINE

ORFORDVILLE OFFICER PUT
UNDER ARREST.

He Pleads Guilty and Says While He Will Not Seek Relection, He Will See That His Duty is Done Even Though it Cost Him \$500.

Constable N. K. Thorson was arrested today at Orfordville by Sheriff Cochrane on a warrant sworn out by James Ennis who charges him with using abusive language. Constable Thorson appeared before Judge Phelps this morning, pleaded guilty, and was fined \$1 and costs or \$9.40 in all. Thorson is the proprietor of a meat market at Orfordville and is also the village constable. It is claimed by Ennis and his friends that Constable Thorson has been investigating the alleged selling of liquor by Ennis. This fact led to a disagreement the other evening, in which it is claimed that Thorson used abusive language. The argument resulted in Thorson's arrest.

"As soon as my time is out next April," remarked Thorson this morning, "I will not enter the field of politics again under any circumstances. In the meantime the village of Orfordville will be well cared for while I am constable, if it costs me \$500."

The examination of Charles Polson, charged with arson, was adjourned until March 5.

The case of the state against A. B. Howard, and Roy Manley of Shopiere, who was charged with assaulting F. L. Steadwell, came up today. The defendant demanded a jury trial, so a venire was issued, and the case will come up tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

BELOIT LIKED THE OPERA

In Some Respects It Rivalled Work of Professional Companies.

The Beloit Free Press says: "The lower part of the opera house was well filled last night, with an audience to hear the pleasing opera 'Erminie' rendered by Janesville talent, assisted by Miss Margaret Salisbury of Chicago. The opera went off in good style, and was very cordially received. The choruses were generally excellent, and in some cases reached the rank of eloquence that characterizes first class professional companies. The dialogues were all carried out and there was little to criticize in the performance had it been by a purely professional company. Miss Salisbury is a remarkably fine singer and won great popularity."

The opera was given under the auspices of the Ladies' Guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church, for the benefit of the choir fund, but we fear the benefit was not realized. However, it was a pleasant social event and it permitted Beloit people to get acquainted with Janesville singers. Some of our citizens express regret that the audience was not larger and feared that the Janesville folks would think Beloit was not friendly, or failed to appreciate their visit here but as far as that is concerned Beloit gave the company about as big an audience as the opera had either nights at home.

BEYOND THE CARES OF EARTH.

Funeral of Mrs. M. L. Richardson.

Funeral services over the remains of Mrs. M. L. Richardson were held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence on St. Mary's avenue. Rev. V. E. Southworth officiated, and the interment was in Oak Hill. The pallbearers were M. M. Humphrey, A. M. Glenn, F. H. Green, Lee Beers and Eugene Mitchell.

The Finest Grocery

In the city, the La Vista opened by F. S. Winslow in the Kent block. All new goods and the best that can be bought. Have as fine a line of groceries as there is in the city and I have also a lot of nice bargains for every one.

22 lb granulated sugar..... \$1.00
Patent flour..... 1.00
Good flour..... 65
Select oysters per qt..... 25
Pail jelly..... 30
4 lb Anchor roll oats..... 25
6 lb evaporated apples..... 25
Picnic hams..... 6
Pine pork..... 2
9 quart beans..... 2
McLaughlin's xxxx coffee..... 15
Cracklings celery sauce..... 25
All A. B. C. crackers 6 lbs..... 5
Large box mustard sardines..... 5
Fine table syrup per gallon..... 15
6 bottles catsup..... 25
F. Winslow, 50 S. Main street.

Dress Skirts.

We have just added a new department you might say to our business, that of dress skirts. We have never handled them before and have received a most complete line of them. All new styles and absolutely correct patterns. Never having handled them before we have no old styles on goods to show you. In our large ad. page 8 this evening we give you a list and prices that are of interest to every lady. Bort, Bailey & Co.

Eggs Drop.

Strictly fresh eggs 13 cents a dozen at Sanborn's. All you want of them, stock up while they are low. Sanborn & Co.

H. F. BEAUCHAMP & Co have purchased the market at 3 South Franklin street, and will open it tomorrow with a fresh stock of fruits.

CITY NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH.

New dress goods at Bort, Bailey & Co's.

13 CENTS a dozen for eggs at Sanborn's.

CHICAGO meat was delivered to local butchers today.

Eggs, eggs, eggs only 13 cents a dozen at Sanborn's.

STRICTLY fresh eggs 13 cents a dozen at Sanborn's.

GREAT line of dress skirts just in at Bort, Bailey & Co's.

OVER 100 new dress skirts just in at Bort, Bailey & Co's.

BARNARD & Wilder shipped two cars of tobacco east today.

THE Park House had over a hundred guests at dinner.

\$1 for a \$7.50 enameled shoe, S. & G. make at Richardson's.

MONEY to loan on real estate without commission. S. D. Grubb.

ALL the eggs you want only 13 cents a dozen at Sanborn's.

A COMPETENT girl wanted immediately. Mrs. A. H. Barrington.

THE Janesville Carriage Works have shipped a wagonette to Madison.

SEVERAL improvements have been made at Dr. Pomeroy's residence.

FANCY new pickles 15 cents a gallon or 5 cents a quart at Sanborn's.

FRESH cauliflower, celery, radishes and lettuce received today at Sanborn's.

ENSIGN HEMMING goes to Chicago tomorrow to accept a position in a drug store.

FROM \$7 to \$4 that is the way Richardson cuts the price of enamel shoes for men.

FINE oranges plenty of them 10 cents a dozen, 3 dozen 25 cents at Sanborn's.

35 patent leather shoes for men at \$3.50. Think of the snap Richardson offers you.

ABOUT 150 cords of second growth wood left. Close the yard April 1. F. A. Taylor.

Get your fish, any kind, of Sanborn. He has a very large stock and prices are very low.

THE Brothead and Monroe train this morning brought one hundred people to the fair.

RICHARDSON'S enamel shoes are causing a great stir. Not often you get \$7 shoes at \$4.

\$5, \$6 and \$7 patent leather shoes odd sizes but good styles for men only \$2 at Richardson's.

ENAMEL shoes as well as all other shoes go at about your own price at Bennett & Cram's.

W. SCIDMORE was over from Hancock yesterday, to consult Dr. McPherson about his eyes.

PEOPLE visiting the Midwinter fair should take home a sack of Shackleton's Pearl White flour.

J. M. SHACKLETON received an order yesterday for a car of his flour to be shipped to Orfordville.

FIVE hundred bales Al choice timothy hay 40 cents at store and 45 cents delivered. F. A. Taylor.

HAVE you got a coupon on that bicycle? Remember it is to be given away March 15. Bennett & Cram.

Mrs. JOHN KILMER, of Afton, and Rob Cornish, of Fort Atkinson, were out of town patients of Dr. McPherson today.

FOR 25, 39, 47 and 61 cents we show you the nicest line of dress goods for spring in the city. Bort, Bailey & Co.

DRESS goods are cheaper at our store this spring than ever. It's the cash plan that does it. Bort, Bailey & Co.

MEN'S calf, cork sole, calf lined regular \$5 shoes, to close out the few odd sizes they go at \$3. A. Richardson Shoe Co.

WHEN this lot of hay is gone I will have no more. Quality the finest; 40 and 45 cents per bale while it lasts. F. A. Taylor.

FARMERS at the Mid inter fair are cordially invited to take a look through the Pioneer book store of Sutherland & Sons.

No necessity of making a skirt when you can buy one so cheap at Bort, Bailey & Co's. See their large ad. page 8, for particulars.

We show over 75 different silk waist patterns; all of them beautiful. Best time of year to make a selection for spring. Bort, Bailey & Co.

If your grocer does not keep Pearl White or Vienna flour and refuses to send them to you you can get them at the mill. J. M. Shackleton.

Don't forget we show you no old style skirts, every garment we have is just received, new and of correct sweep, etc. Bort, Bailey & Co.

THINK of the boy. He wants a bicycle and his chance is as good as anybody's. Every 50 cent purchase entitles you to a ticket. Bennett & Cram.

LOWELL will have an office in his former tin shop at the rear of his old store all this week. All those indebted to the Lowell Hardware Company will save costs by calling on him.

ANYONE wanting a show case can get a fine selection cheap from Lowell. They can be seen lined up at the Midwinter fair. You pay your money and take your choice.

We show a line of dress skirts at \$4.29, that the material alone would cost you that should you start a skirt yourself, so you see you save the price of making it. Bort, Bailey & Co.

LOST—Fox terrier, black head and ears; small white strip on face; balance of face tan colored; white body, name Teddy. Reward if returned; Chas. H. Patterson, J. L. Ford & Son.

Table Delicacies.

We have just received some very choice Manitou fig wafers, they always sell at 20 cents a pound. Now 15 cents. Cupid kisses at 5 cents a quart, they are so light you get a bushel almost for a pound. Frosted coffee cakes 12 1/2 cents a pound, worth 15 cents, all up in quantity, fresh and fine for the table. Sanborn & Co.

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MAC LEAN IS CRAZY THE DOCTORS SAY

JOHNSTOWN FARMER LOSES
HIS REASON.

He Had Suffered a Severe Illness and Brooded Over His Business Affairs Until He Became Deranged and Friends Feared Something Would Happen to Him.

James MacLean, who has become hopelessly insane as the result of illness, was taken to the asylum at Mendota this morning by Sheriff Acheson. MacLean is but twenty-eight years of age and is a hard working farmer who resides on the John Hamilton place near Johnstown. He came to this country from Scotland eight years ago and soon after landing in New York made his way to Wisconsin, and settled near Johnstown. Before leaving his native home he was confined to his bed by a severe illness. Later the disease seemed to effect his mind. Business which he had to bear alone seemed to bother him considerably. During the past three weeks he has had extra work to do at the farm. It is said that this preyed upon his mind until his reason fled. Friends feared that something serious would happen to him if he was not cared for, so Drs. W. H. Palmer and J. B. Whiting examined him, and he was adjudged insane. Accordingly Judge Sale this morning committed him to the asylum at Mendota.

Well-Known Beloit Young Man Confronts Severe Charges.

Beloit, Wis., March 3.—[Special]—Frank Voss, a well-known young man, was arrested today charged with robbing the postoffice at Avon. He says he can prove his innocence. The trial was postponed.

THE DRUMMOND FARM SOLD

Patrick Reilly Buys the Property for \$7,460.

The sale of the 150-acre farm of David Drummond to Patrick Reilly, was made today. The farm is near Leyden and the price paid was \$7,462.

A COLUMN OF LOCAL GOSSIP.

WOODRUFF SMITH of New York city has been spending the past few days in town.

MISS DAISY BARBER of Evansville, attended the Concordia masquerade last evening.

MISS MINNA and Anna Zamzow are in Whitewater to attend the wedding of their cousin.

MR. and Mrs. J. C. Chadwick, formerly of this city, were in from Monroe today, to attend the fair.

MR. and Mrs. William Holden of Portage, Wis., were in the city yesterday, to attend the funeral of the late William Harriet Ensign. They were the guests of Mrs. H. R. Johnson.

Plans of Michigan Gold Democrats.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 3.—The gold Democratic state convention opened at 11 o'clock this morning, with Michael Brennan of Detroit as temporary chairman. W. D. Bynum will deliver an address in the afternoon, and it is probable a full state ticket will be nominated. E. F. Connolly of Detroit is prominently mentioned as the judicial candidate, and E. N. Sweet of this city as one of the candidates for regent.

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FAIR BREAKS ALL RECORDS.

Continued from page 1

year, Recorder Printing Co.; Mrs. M. N. Jackson 2nd, two sacks flour, C. A. Sanborn; James S. Sanfield 3d one year Western Agriculturist and Live Stock Journal, T. Butterworth.

Largest and Best Display of Corn—F. Whitehead, Whitewater 1st, one roll K ystone woven wire fencing, E. H. Ransom; John Stockman 2nd, \$3 in trade, Frank H. Baack; James G. Little 3d, one year Western Agriculturist and Live Stock Journal, T. Butterworth.

Best Pan Biscuits Made From Parke Davis & Co's. Baking Powder—Bessie Scott 1st, six pounds Parke Davis & Co's. baking powder, \$3, Stearns & Baker; Mrs. W. T. Sherman 2d, Fine roast beef, William Kammer; Mrs. L. B. Helms 3d, Vick's Monthly Magazine one year, James Vick's Sons.

The cooking school opened at 1:30 with every seat full.

Before the afternoon was over it was impossible to be within hearing distance of the speaker, Mrs. M. L. Clark, manager of the Milwaukee cooking school. Another session of the cooking school will be held at 1:30 tomorrow.

Girl Under Eighteen With Longest Hair—Miss Jessie Cox, of Fulton, 46 inches, 1st, one trimmed hat, Olive Sadler; Miss Roxie Cates of Porter, 43 inches, 2d 25 pounds taffy candy, Paul Gehlke.

Tallest Girl—Miss Dama Fisher of Center, 5 ft. 10 1/2, 1st trimmed hat, Miss Bellinghausen; Miss Mullen of Harmony, 5 ft. 9 1/2, 2d 25 pounds taffy candy, Paul Gehlke.

The pair of No. 12 G shoes given by the Richardson Shoe Co. went to Walter Little he being the man they fitted the best.

The institute program this afternoon was as follows:

AFTERNOON SESSION 1:30 O'CLOCK.
Beet Sugar and Sugar Beets. Prof. W. A. Henry Roads. Supt. George McKerrow Tuberculosis. Prof. H. L. Russell

PEOPLE WHO COME AND GO.

DR. CLARK A. MINOR is able to be out.

RAISES A QUESTION.

The Election of a Woman as Head of the Minneapolis School Board.

Mrs. Jennie C. Crays has just been elected president of the school board after a service of four years as member of that body. The people tried Mrs. Crays as an experiment when they put her in office, but she proved such a success that all doubt of her ability has long since disappeared. She was voted into the presidency by the men members of the board as a reward for the faithful performance of her duties. Mrs. Crays is the first woman to serve on the school board of Minneapolis. She is an active clubwoman and the secretary of the Foreign Missionary society of Plymouth church. For eight years she was a



MRS. JENNIE C. CRAYS.

teacher in the public schools, and for 21 years she has been a resident of the city. She has always been interested in politics, but has never taken an active part in campaigns.

An interesting question is raised by her election to the presidency of the school board. The person holding that office is, by law, an ex-officio member of the library board and the tax levy board. The latter fixes the rate of taxation. It is claimed that men only are eligible to membership in this board, and it is possible that the courts will be requested to pass upon the matter should Mrs. Crays attempt to assist in adjusting the taxes.—Minneapolis Cor. Chicago Times-Herald.

Woman's Relief Corps.

One of the largest and most influential societies in this country is the Woman's Relief Corps auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic. It is a national organization, having state associations, county and local unions. It is composed of the women relatives of those who fought in the rebellion and is said to be nearly 500,000 strong.

It is very well represented in the Greater New York, having clubs or unions in nearly every section of the territory. A prominent local union is the Winfield Scott Hancock corps, No. 460. It has just gone through the annual election and installation, which resulted in a new board of officers, headed by Mrs. Ada G. Mohr, the new president, who is also one of the managers of the State Home for the Wives and Widows of Soldiers and For Army Nurses.—Margherita Arlina Hamm in New York Mail and Express.

The Girls Excelled.

Professor Frederick W. Card of the University of Nebraska says of that institution: "It is modeled closely after Cornell university and conducted along the lines that have made Cornell so justly famed. For several years past the attendance of students has averaged about 1,600, young women being admitted on equal terms with young men. Coeducation has been a success thus far and has got past the experimental stage. Some time ago the Phi Beta Kappa society was organized in the university. All collegians know that the qualifications for membership therein include a high standard of scholarship. Now, it happened that, though the young women of the university were not so numerous as the males, more of the girls were able to become Phi Beta Kappas. This was not the result of favoritism, but was determined solely by merit."

Dr. Mary E. Walker.

Dr. Mary E. Walker has again begun to hold levees in the capitol at Washington. "Time," says the Washington Post, "has dealt very gently with the doctor, and her brown hair, carefully trimmed after the style of a college professor, has yet very few silver threads. Her dress is that of a man, and her shirts, collars and cuffs are in the latest style. A little red carnation adorns the lapel of her coat, and her overcoat has a short cloak over the shoulders, with a velvet collar. This remarkable woman owns considerable property near Oswego, N. Y., which, for the last quarter of a century, she has been trying to donate either to the government, to the state or to some wealthy individual who will construct thereon a hospital for the treatment and cure of consumption and all throat and lung troubles."

Fabrics For Spring Gowns.

As many women begin very soon after the holidays to plan for their spring and summer wardrobes, taking advantage of the new materials which are shown in the shops from January on, colors and fabrics will prove of general interest this month, even though Easter is particularly late this year. The really important feature of the spring and summer gowns will be the favor which is to be extended to transparent materials, which makes the lining nearly as prominent as the outside material. The outlook is for bright colors and the return of many smooth fabrics for street wear.—Emma M. Hooper in Ladies' Home Journal.

Miss Temple, Decorator.

Miss Grace Lincoln Temple, perhaps best known as the decorator of the Woman's building at the Atlanta exposition, though many handsome houses in Washington and elsewhere owe their artistic interior to her, has been entrusted with the decoration of Mrs. Cleveland's new house at Princeton.

Excursion Rates to Washington.

For the benefit of those desiring to witness the inauguration of the next president of the United States, the Baltimore & Ohio R. R. will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip from all points on its lines in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. Tickets will be sold March 1, 2 and 3, valid for return until March 8. Similar tickets, via B. & O. R. R. will be sold by all the railroads throughout the west. In addition to being the shortest and most direct line to Washington, the B. & O. passes through a region of greater scenic magnificence and historic interest than any in all America. Passengers also have the option of traveling via Akron and Pittsburgh or via Bellsire and Grafton either going or returning. The through trains of the B. & O. are vestibuled throughout, equipped with Pullman Sleepers and the Dining Car.

It is surprising what a "wce bit" of a thing can accomplish. Sick headache, constipation, dyspepsia, sour stomach, dizziness, are quickly banished by De Witt's Little Early Risers. Small pill. Safe pill. Best pill. C. D. Stevens.

The Hot Springs

located in the Black Hills of South Dakota have wonderful medicinal properties for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, and kindred ailments, and should be investigated by all suffering from such troubles. First class hotel accommodations and baths. Tourist tickets on sale daily and especially low rates on the first and third Tuesdays of each month. Full information furnished on application to ticket agents C. & N. W. R'y.

If you have ever seen a child, the agony of croup, you can appreciate the gratitude of the mothers who know that One Minute Cough Cure relieves their little ones as quickly as it is administered. Many homes in this city are never without it. C. D. Stevens.

Half Rate to Washington.

On account of the presidential inauguration, March 4, the Northwestern line will on March 1 and 2, and for all trains reaching Chicago March 3, sell excursion tickets to Washington, D. C., at one fare for the round trip, limited to return until March 10. For tickets and information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

E. E. Turner, of Compton, Mo., writes us that after suffering from piles for seventeen years, he completely cured them by using three boxes of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures eczema and severe skin diseases. C. D. Stevens.

Relief In Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise, a account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by E. B. Helmstreet, druggist, Janesville, Wis.

Many cases of "Grippe" have lately been cured by One Minute Cough Cure. This preparation seems especially adapted to the cure of this disease. It acts quickly thus preventing serious complications and bad effects in which this disease often leaves the patient. C. D. Stevens.

Don't allow the lungs to be impaired by the continuous irritation of a cough. It is easier to prevent consumption than to cure it. One Minute Cough Cure taken early will ward off any fatal lung trouble. C. D. Stevens.

They are so small that the most sensitive persons take them, they are so effective that the most obstinate cases of constipation, headache and torpid liver yield to them. That is why De Witt's Little Early Risers are known as the famous little pills. C. D. Stevens.

One minute is all the time necessary to decide from personal experience that One Minute Cough Cure does what its name implies. C. D. Stevens.

In Real Life.

"He doesn't smoke, doesn't drink and he shaves himself."
"Goodness! He ought to be rich."
"No; he's so poor that he has to economize in that way!"—Chicago Record.

The Extreme Penalty.

She—And did your friend take the doctor's advice?
He—Certainly.
"And did he pay for it?"
"Well, I should rather say he did! He's dead!"—Yonkers Statesman.

There Was a Crowd.

Hostess (entertaining two lady friends, to herself)—Oh, dear, I do wish one would go—I have so much to tell either of them about the other!—Tit-Bits.

An Impossibility.

Photographer—Now, look pleasant, please.
Sitter—How can I, when you charge eight dollars a dozen for cabinets?—N. Y. Tribune.

Rather Decollete.

Mrs. Vincent—What do you think of my dress? Mme. Marie when she had finished it described it as a dream.
Mr. Vincent—Well, it has about as little body as a dream.—Judv.

New Washington and Baltimore Line.

The Monon Route has established a new through sleeping car line between Washington and Baltimore, via Cincinnati, by the C. & D. R. & O. S. W. and B. & O. Rys. The sleeper is ready for occupancy in Dearborn Station at 9:30 P. M., and leaves at 2:45 A. M. daily, arriving at Washington at 6:45 and Baltimore 7:55 A. M. the following morning. This schedule will go into effect Jan. 24th. As the sleeper goes through without change and the hours of leaving and arriving are most convenient, this will prove altogether the most comfortable, as well as the most picturesque route to the national capital. City Ticket Office, 222 Clark St., Chicago, Depot, Dearborn Station, Chicago.

Excursion Rates to Carson City For the Great Fight.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell round trip excursion tickets to Carson city, Nevada at \$77.50 on March 12 and 13, good for return until March 25 on account of the Corbett and Fittsimmons prize fight. Short line via Omaha. Electric light vestibule trains. Leave Janesville 6:35 p. m.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for La Grippe, we have to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dread disease. It will effect a permanent cure in less time than any other treatment. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

From Cripple Creek.

After the big fire in Cripple Creek, I took a severe cold and tried many remedies without help, the cold only becoming more settled. After using three small bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, both the cough and cold left me, and in this high altitude it takes a meritorious cough remedy to do any good.—G. B. Henderson, Editor Daily Advertiser. For sale at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

Rheumatism Quickly Cured.

After having been confined to the house for eleven days and paying out \$25 in doctor bills without benefit, M. Frank Dolson of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., was cured by one bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm costing 25 cents and has not since been troubled with that complaint. For at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

CATARRH

is a LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes.

For your Protection we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

Ely's Cream Balm is acknowledged to be the most thorough cure for Nasal Catarrh, Cold in Head and Hay Fever of all remedies. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays pain and inflammation, heals and protects the membrane, restores the senses of taste and smell. 50c. at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

S. C. Cobb, President.
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F. C. Haselton, Sec'y

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Chinaware



Is a round subject and we can tell all about it. We know our stock and know that it is the largest and finest in the market. Dinner and tea sets in infinite variety. Handsome and artistic pieces at moderate prices. Some new designs in china and other wares. Your attention especially requested to the 100 piece dinner sets at \$7.50 and up.

W. G. WHELOCK.

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C. A. SNOW & CO.
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To the Young Face

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives fresher charms to the old, renewed youth. Try it.

A. Richardson Shoe Co.,

DOWN
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GOES THE
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PRICES
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PRICES



Men's \$7
Enamel Shoes,
at \$4.

Those fine Strong & Garfield make shoes at that. We have too many; they will move at \$4. Why shouldn't they? Think of it; a reduction of \$3.00. You know what the goods are—Orient last, like cut, strictly hand made and up to date. Strong & Garfield's \$5.00 patent leather shoes, straight hand made; they are nice for afternoon or evening wear. They go at \$3.50.

Another Extreme
Reduction....

Odds and Ends of men's \$5, \$6, and \$7 patent leather shoes go at

\$2.00.

Your choice. Not old, but odd in sizes.

\$5.00 calf skin, cork sole, calf lined, hand sewed, a few sizes to close out, \$3.00. Your money with us buys shoes; nothing else. Every reduction we can give you is a saving and there are many of them.



THE A. RICHARDSON SHOE CO.

C. O. D. Shoe Dealers.

FASHION'S FANCIES.

Enamel Watches of Various Colors—Costumes For Fancy Dress Ball.

Among the fashionable fancies in jewelry is the four leaved clover. This has come to the front again after having retired into the background from the point of view of fashion. It is made in all sorts of jewels as well as in gold, silver and enamel, but the newest idea is the real clover leaf itself, protected by glass like a miniature and surrounded by diamonds, turquoises, garnets, rubies or sapphires.

Watches incased in enamel, blue, green, red or black, are among the pretty things worn by wealthy women who can afford to change watches as they change gowns. These watches are usually fastened to the bosom of the dress by a flower-de-luce of the same enamel, although sometimes they are worn attached to a longnet chain studded with jewels.

Chateaux seem to be coming into vogue again. A very elaborate gown was seen the other day having a dozen small objects suspended by chains. These clashed and clattered as unobtrusively as if they had been made of tin instead of the precious metal. There is something barbaric in profuse metallic decoration, however skillfully the goldsmith may have wrought the



FANCY COSTUME.

ornaments. The suggestion of savagery is too strong to seem quite in accord with a delicate, cultivated nineteenth century woman. One is irresistibly reminded of the African belle, with her jangling bits of metal shaped by primitive instruments. These ornaments which serve a use—girdles, brooches, buckles and combs—have a valid excuse for being. Those which define the customs of the body—necklaces, bracelets, fillets and rings—are also not only pardonable, but desirable, but those which are simply an excuse for spending money, which have no relation to the human form and no use in holding the clothing together, do not seem to be in the best taste, for the best taste is like the best manners in being the simplest and most appropriate.

A picture is given of a naiad's costume for a fancy dress ball. The skirt is of white crepe de chine embroidered with gold and yellow. Over this is draped a tunic of water green gauze having interwoven lines of silver. It is lined with gold gauze and fringed with crystal. The tunic is draped by a chain of blue cabochons. Yellow fringes and beads are worn in the hair and are arranged on the left shoulder and down the right side of the skirt. A stalk of reeds is carried in the hand.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

DRESSMAKING HINTS.

How to Enlarge a Bodice—To Put In Whalebones.

The princess gown has a new lease of life for ceremonious occasions. It has a train, of course, and is in great favor for bridal costumes.

The bodice of the present moment, in spite of its apparent seamlessness, its shirings, puffings, plaitings lengthwise and horizontal, and its blouse effects, is really very close. It has a tight lining upon which all the fullness is carefully arranged; otherwise it would be baggy and shapeless. If a bodice has become too tight, it should not be enlarged by adding anything in the middle of the front, as this displaces the darts. It is better to cut a new under-arm piece, making it wide enough to give the necessary enlargement to the bodice.

The whalebone used in boning a dress—and real whalebone is superior to any of the substitutes now offered, as it adjusts itself to the figure—should be neither thick nor stiff. It ought to be very pliable and soft and should be scraped at the ends and edges to make it thin and avoid any evidence of its existence on the outside of the



DINNER GOWN.

bodice. Holes should be pierced in it close to the ends and also a little above and below the waist. This may be done with a hot wire without any danger of splitting the bone.

Evening bodices laced or hooked in front or at the back should have a small, round whalebone run in at the edges, as they are otherwise sure to wrinkle.

An illustration is given of a charming and picturesque dinner gown. It is of white moire velours, and the skirt is trimmed in front with four fine plaitings of white mousseline de soie. The bodice is entirely covered with a Marie Antoinette fleche of moire velours embroidered with butter colored silk and trimmed with ruffles and ruffles of mousseline de soie. The fleche is fastened at the left side and has long ends falling to the foot of the skirt. The gown is sleeveless, but long butter colored gloves are worn.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

How He Got It.

"I wonder how he got such a good job," he said.

"Why, don't you know?" she returned. "When he applied for it he told them that his marriage the following week depended upon his getting something to do at once."

"And they gave it to him?"

"How ready people are to help a man to get into trouble, aren't they?"

She didn't answer. She didn't feel that she could answer without exhibiting a temper that she usually tried to keep in concealment.—Chicago Post.

A Practical Test.

"Here, stop that!"

This exclamation came from young Mr. Hazlewood and was addressed to little Robbie Riverside, who was keeping the young man company until Robbie's big sister should descend to the parlor.

"What are you sticking pins in me for?" Mr. Hazlewood demanded of the little fellow.

"Pa said that you were thick skinned, and I wanted to see if it was so," replied Master Robbie. — Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Did Him Good.

"Mister," said the small boy to the druggist, "gimme another bottle o' them patent pills you sold father day before yesterday."

"Are they doing him good?" asked the clerk, looking pleased.

"I d'no whether they're doin' father good or not, but they're doin' me good. They jis' fit my new slung-shot."—Detroit Free Press.

Ample Demonstrated.

"How singularly it happened that Mrs. Delaware was able to find proof that she had known her husband in a previous reincarnation."

"How does she discover it?"

"She found a letter she had given him to post in a former state of existence."—Buffalo Times.

Possible Effect.

First Juror—What do you think of the testimony so far as we have heard it?

Second Juror—The testimony? I haven't been listening to it. I've been watching them two lawyers wrangle and wondering which of the two would lick if they got into a scrap.—Chicago Tribune.

Enemies Forever.

Mamie—Fred proposed to me last night.

Clara—That accounts for what he said to me to-day.

Mamie—What did he say?

Clara—Only he lost his presence of mind last night and would be miserable the rest of his life.—N. Y. Journal.

Mary Was Diplomatic.

Mistress—That was a very nice letter of Patrick's offering you marriage, Mary.

Mary—Tell him, mum, if you please, that when I get my wages raised next month, mum, I'll begin to save for the wedding things.—Tit-Bits.

Wanted to Adopt It.

Bobby—Pop, what is repudiate?

Fond Parent—Repudiate? Repudiate is to pretend you don't owe what you do owe.

Bobby (after a pause)—Say, pop! Won't you repudiate that spanking?—Brooklyn Life.

Quite So.

Jinks—A girl who can sing as soon as she gets up in the morning must have a sweet disposition.

Binks—Not necessarily. She may have a grudge against some one in the neighborhood.—Pick-Me-Up.

A Bad Hand.

Life is a game of cards, they say—

Poor damsel find it so—alack!

For try the very best they may.

Their king turns out to be a jack. —Chicago Record.

THE FINAL TEST.

Marie—He swears that he loves me, that he would die for me, and declares that without my sunny presence life would be a blank and not worth living. And yet I doubt that he means it.

Mertie—Then he has not asked you to marry him yet?—Brooklyn Life.

Superstitions.

I am very superstitious.

And protest most loudly when

There are thirteen at the table,

And there's only food for ten. —Up-to-Date.

The Last Word.

He—I married you merely out of pity.

She—What of it? You pitied me then; now everybody does.—N. Y. Tribune.

Her Turn Now.

Duer—Why did that pretty typewriter marry her employer?

Dyer—She grew tired of being dictated to.—Brooklyn Life.

Seemed to Be Qualified.

"Is Mrs. Bellingham a daughter of the revolution?"

"I think so. Her father used to run a steam lathe."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Accepted There.

Penstaff—I had a contribution accepted yesterday.

Scribble—Indeed? Where?

Penstaff—At church.—Up-to-Date.

One Britisher Squelched.

"I want you to understand that I am a subject of the queen!"

"That's nothing; I am subject to fits." —Town Topics.

TRANSVAAL IS RESTLESS.

Speeches Made by Kruger and the Chairman of the Volksraad Cause Comment.

London, March 3.—A dispatch to the Standard from Johannesburg says that President Kruger and the chairman of the volksraad, upon the proroguing of that body, made ominous speeches, which have created much unrest. The chairman said that all attempts at compromise must be ended and the law enforced to the letter. President Kruger said in his speech that if the storm that was brewing burst they would rely on God's help.

Pretoria, Transvaal, March 3.—It is said here that President Kruger will shortly visit the Orange Free State for the purpose of discussing with President Steyn and other officials a closer union between the two republics. The visit is significant, in view of the relations at present existing between the Transvaal and Great Britain.

Trying to Force a Quorum.

Salem, Oregon, March 3.—Forcible steps are to be taken to organize the lower branch of the legislature. The temporary house passed a resolution appointing a number of assistant sergeants-at-arms to arrest absent members and bring them in. This step was taken on the legal opinion that the temporary organization has power to compel the attendance of absent members. Twenty-one members were present at the meeting of the house. They all subscribed to the oath of office and were sworn in by Chief Justice Moore.

Successor to Justice Field.

Washington, March 3.—One of the most important appointments, in all probability, which President McKinley will have to make is a successor to Associate Justice Stephen J. Field of the United States supreme court. The justice has been in very feeble health for some time, but thus far has persisted in attending to his duties. Justice Field has twice been eligible to retirement, but it is the wish of his life to be able to say he was the oldest judge that ever rendered decisions in the court of last resort in the United States.

Havana Pest-Stricken.

Charlotte, N. C., March 3.—Dr. J. J. Kinyoun, past assistant surgeon, in the city, en route to Washington from Havana, says there are 5,000 cases of smallpox in Havana, and 150 deaths occurred last week.

Dr. Kinyoun met all the newspaper correspondents in Cuba. Mr. Ackers of the London Times thinks the Spaniards are whipped.

The correspondent of El Liberal has telegraphed to his paper at Madrid that Gomez can indefinitely prolong the war.

Missions Settled Upon.

Washington, March 3.—President McKinley has settled upon several leading foreign missions as follows: John Hay, ambassador to London; Gen. Horace Porter, ambassador to Paris; Congressman Draper of Massachusetts, ambassador to Italy; Powell Clayton of Arkansas, minister to Mexico. Gen. Clayton denied the rumor circulated last night that he was to go to Russia and says he will go to Mexico. He was receiving applicants for secretary of the legation this morning.

Great Honor to Mr. Bayard.

London, March 3.—The farewell banquet given at the Mansion house last night by Lord Mayor George Faudel-Phillips to Minister Bayard was one of the most brilliant functions of the kind that this historic structure has ever witnessed. Mr. Bayard sat on the right of the lord mayor, and the premier, Lord Salisbury, on his left. Every member of the diplomatic circle accepted an invitation to be present.

Back from the Grave.

We cannot come, but we can often stay our progress thither. Disease, like everything else, must have a beginning. All chronic maladies tend to shorten life, and render it a species of martyrdom while they last. Malaria, kidney complaint, chronic indigestion, rheumatism—all have some beginnings, and may be stayed at the very start. Hostetter's Stomach Balm. This excellent tonic and alterative is adapted alike to the prevention of disorders of the system and to their removal, and its early use cannot be too strongly advocated. To renew appetite and insure tranquil rest, there is no surer and pleasanter means than the Balm. The effects of overwork and exhaustion, mental or physical, are counteracted by it, and the busy merchant, the tired clerk or on railway, and the brain weary student, author or newspaper man, derive from it present relief and future energy.

FORECLOSURE SALE.—THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, Circuit Court for Rock County. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of and in pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled action at a regular session of the circuit court for Rock County, Wisconsin, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1896, in favor of the above named plaintiff, and against the above named defendants, I shall offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the postoffice in the city of Janesville, Rock County, Wisconsin, on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1897, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described lands and premises in and by said judgment of foreclosure directed to be sold, situated in the city of Janesville, county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3), eight (8), ten (10), twelve (12), four (4), one hundred twenty-seven (127), two hundred twenty-five (225) two hundred ninety-two (292), all being in Spring Brook addition to Janesville, according to the duly recorded plat of said lots being in the City of Janesville, County of Rock and state of Wisconsin, together with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging, or so much thereof as will be necessary to pay said judgment and costs and costs of sale.

Dated, Feb. 2, 1897.

THE L. A. ACHESON, Sheriff of Rock Co., Wis. SUTHERLAND & NOLAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, P. O. Address, Janesville, Rock Co., Wis.

CLERK OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY. In Probate: Notice is hereby given that at a special term of the county court to be held in and for said county, at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the third Tuesday, being the 10th day of March, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of John F. Spoon for the adjournment and allowance of a probate of the will of the late Catharine Crocker, deceased, of the town of Center, in said county, and for the assignment of the residue of the estate of said Catharine Crocker, deceased, to said John F. Spoon, as executor of said will.

Lated, Feb. 18, 1897.

By the Court, J. W. BAILEY, County Judge. febwed17d3w

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

G. H. FOX, M. D.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO

Surgery,

Over Sherer's Drug Store.

DR. JOE WHITING,

Physician and Surgeon

Specialty of Surgery and Surgical Diseases.

Over Prentice & Evenson Drug Store

DR. J. P. THORNE,

SPECIALIST IN THE TREATMENT OF

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat

and Chest. Glasses Accurately Fitted

HOURS—9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. Office 13 W. Milwaukee St. Opposite Postoffice

JANESVILLE, WIS.

DR. GEO. H. MCCAUSEY,

Surgeon Dentist,

Office in Tallman's Block, Opp. First Nat. Bank, W. Milwaukee St.

Residence 356 Dodge Street.

JANESVILLE, - WISCONSIN.

GEO. K. COLLING,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR.

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106 N. Main St., Janesville, Wis.

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Attorney at Law,

Rooms 17 & 18 Sutherland's Block

On the Edge Janesville.

BAKER & SMITH,

SUCCESSORS TO

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Real Estate, Money to Loan.

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H. A. BAKER. GEORGE H. SMITH

E. RAY INMAN,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS.

Inventions Perfected. Drawings made. Patents secured. References furnished.

Room 5, Sutherland Block,

JANESVILLE, - WISCONSIN

THE RAILROAD TIME-TABLES

Chicago & Northwestern

LEAVE FOR

ARRIVE FROM

Chicago Via Clinton

6:40 a. m. 9:30 p. m.

Chicago Via Clinton & Sharon

7:55 a. m. 8:35 p. m.

Chicago Via Clinton & Sharon

12:40 p. m. 12:40 p. m.

Chicago Via Clinton & Sharon

7:20 p. m. 12:40 a. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

7:40 a. m. 6:30 a. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

2:10 p. m. 11:55 a. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

10:45 a. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

12:23 p. m. 8:00 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

7:20 p. m. 10:25 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

7:00 a. m. 12:15 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

7:00 a. m. 12:15 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

4:00 p. m. 10:40 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

8:40 p. m. 7:50 a. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

6:30 a. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

10:50 a. m. 3:05 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

8:15 p. m. 12:15 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

9:30 p. m. 7:20 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

12:45 a. m. 7:20 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

7:30 a. m. 15 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

2:15 p. m.

Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

15 p. m.

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Chicago Via Beloit & Harvard

15 p. m.

40 Days of Lent

Wednesday, to begin the Season, we give you a list of Fish and Prices:

Fresh Fish.		Salt Fish.		Fancies on the Market.	
Fancy Lake White Fish,	8c lb	Halibut, sliced,	13c lb	" Large family Whitefish,	5c lb
" Trout,	7c lb	Red Snapper, Wholefish,	8c lb	" No 1 Whitefish, 10c lb; three lbs.	25c
" Silver Herring,	4c lb	Smelts, 10c lb; three lbs	25c	[Large and nothing finer to be had.]	
Fancy Salt Water Fish:				" No. 1 Portland Herring,	5c lb
Steak Cod, whole fish,	9c lb	Fancy new fat Mackerel,	5c lb	" Strip Codfish,	10c lb
" sliced,	12 1/2 c lb	" Bloater Mackerel, large,	15c lb	" Smoked Halbut,	15c lb
				" Smoked Whitefish, 10c lb.; three lbs.	25c
				" Smoked Bloaters,	

No change in the market on breakfast foods.		Flour			
Farinaceous Goods.		Washburn-Crosby Co.'s (Minneapolis) Gold Medal,		3 lb can Trilby Peaches, 10c; dozen,	
Pettijohn's California Breakfast,	10c Package.	\$1.10 per sack.		3 lb can Aqua Fruta California Peaches, 13c; doz.	1.40
[Eli Pettijohn's Breakfast.]		(In ten sack lots, \$1.05.)		3 lb can King Boman Apricots, 10c; dozen.	1.10
Quaker Oats, 12 cents Package,		Hard to Beat (Janesville Minnesota) Flour,		Fancy can Figs,	20c
Five Packages, 50 cents.		\$1.00 per sack.		2 lb can Lima Beans, 10c; fine stock, 3 cans	25c
Challenge Rolled Oats, 10 cents Package,		(In ten sack lots, 95c.)		2 lb can Stringless Beans 10c; 3 cans, 25c; per doz,	90c
Three Packages, 25 cents.		We are selling quantities of flour; price probably will		3 lb can Sealed Hulled Corn, 10c; 3 cans	25c
Challenge Golden Sheaf Wheat Flakes, 10c Package,		go up soon. That's the reason, partly.		3 lb can Ruby Tomatoes, 10c; fine goods; 3 cans	25c
Six Packages, 50 cents.				3 lb can Genesee Pumpkin, 10c; 3 cans 25c; doz,	\$1.00
Challenge Farina, 10 cents Package,		5 gallons best Oil and Galvanized Can with faucet,		Large can Asparagus.	35c
Three Packages, 25 cents.		95 cents.		Large can Asparagus Tips,	25c
Challenge Wheatiet,		Fancy Salt Pork, per pound,		3 lb can Spinach,	20c
13 cents Package.		5 cents.		Gallon cans Pears, per can	25c
Shumacher's Rolled Avena,		A, B, C Crackers, all kinds,		Gallon cans Plums, per can	25c
10 cents Package.		5 Cents per pound, 4c lb by the box.		Gallon cans Nectarines, per can	25c
Hornby's H. O. Oats,		Fancy Table Syrup, 20 cents gallon.		Gallon cans Apples, per can	20c
13 cents package.		3 Gallons, 50 Cents.		Strictly Fresh Eggs, per dozen	15c
Cracked Hominy,				Fancy, Fresh, Large Lemons, per dozen	15c
Flake Hominy,				12 lbs Oatmeal,	25c
Hominy Grits.				New Ungraded Prunes, per pound	05c
Steel Cut Wheat.				Fancy King Apples, per pound	05c
Gold Dust Corn Meal.				Finest A B C grade Butter and Oyster Crackers, lb	05c
Yankee Corn Meal.				Small can Raspberries in Sugar Syrup, 5c;	
White Southern Corn Meal.				50 cents dozen.	
All the different articles that come under the farina-				3 lb can Tepee Blackberries, 10c; fine goods, an im-	
ceous head will be cheap in price this week.				mense trade.	

Strictly Fresh Eggs 13c a dozen. Never forget Sanborn's great liking for high qualities and low prices. It's your cash he is after. You can't afford to let his announcements pass by you unheeded.

C. A. SANBORN & CO.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

We have just placed on sale

100 New Dress Skirts.

Every one of these fresh and new. You will be surprised at the great values. These skirts have all been manufactured within the past three weeks, and the style is absolutely correct. Just the right fullness, just the right sweep and just the right materials.

NOTICE SOME OF THE GOODS AND PRICES.

Jacquard Mohair,	-	-	\$1.47	Jacquard Mohair,	-	-	\$4.79	Plain Satin (heavy)	-	-	\$9.49
Jacquard Mohair,	-	-	1.89	Plain Mohair,	-	-	2.89	Brocade Silk	-	-	8.28
Jacquard Mohair,	-	-	2.39	Plain Mohair,	-	-	2.39	Brocade India Silk,	-	-	6.29
Jacquard Mohair,	-	-	3.83	Plain Mohair,	-	-	3.83	Brocade India Silk,	-	-	7.19
Jacquard Mohair,	-	-	4.29	Plain Mohair,	-	-	4.29	Brocade Grenadine,	-	-	3.83

Also a line of nobby Colored Material at \$4.29. In many of these these the material is worth the price of the made-up garment, and you absolutely save the price of the making.

You will bear in mind that we will not show you an old garment, as we have never handled skirts before, and therefore, have no old garments to show you.

You will bear in mind that the prices on these made-up skirts is made lower this year than last year. This fact enables us to show the newest line at the lowest prices. Then bear in mind we give you all a reduction for cash. A shilling saved on this garment or two shillings saved on that for cash---and so throughout the line we save you money.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.